# The Working Group on Sterling Risk-Free Reference Rates 

## Working Group on Sterling Risk-Free Rates Detailed Loans Conventions

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The overall objective of the Working Group on Sterling Risk-Free Reference Rates (the "Working Group") is to enable a broadbased transition to SONIA by the end of 2021 across the sterling bond, loan and derivative markets. This will reduce the financial stability risks arising from widespread reliance on GBP LIBOR.

The Bank of England and the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") are each ex-officio members of the Working Group. The views and outputs set out herein do not constitute guidance or legal advice from the Bank of England (including the Prudential Regulation Authority ("PRA")) or the FCA and are not necessarily endorsed by the Bank of England (including the PRA) or the FCA.
${ }^{1}$ Lookback without Observation Shift is also known as the Observation Lag convention
${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

## SONIA Loans Market Conventions - Overview

## Summary of the recommended SONIA Loan Market Conventions (To be read alongside the Working Group statement)

1. SONIA remains the Working Group's recommended alternative to Sterling LIBOR, implemented via a compounded in arrears methodology, and loan markets should now move consistently towards this.
2. Use of a Five Banking Days Lookback without Observation Shift is recommended as the standard approach by the Working Group. This aligns with the approach recommended by the Alternative Reference Rate Committee for US dollar loan markets and in the Working Group's view is most likely to be made rapidly available. Whilst this approach is the recommendation, where lenders are also able to offer lookback with an observation shift this remains a viable and robust alternative.
3. Where an interest rate floor is used, the Working Group recognises that it may be necessary to apply the floor to each daily interest rate before compounding.
4. Prepayments. The Working Group recommends that accrued interest should be paid at the time of principal prepayment.

| SONIA Loan Market Conventions and Implementation Approaches |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loan Conventions |  | Implementation Approaches |  |  |
|  | Recommended Convention | Alternative Convention | Recommended Approach | Other Considered Approach | Notes |
| Interest Methodology | Compound in Arrears |  | Compound the Rate | Compound the Balance | Both calculate the same interest except for intra interest period event such as loan trading activity. Compound the rate aligns to the current pro-rata interest distribution. |
| Interest Calculation | Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ | Lookback with Observation Shift² | Non Cumulative Rate Method ${ }^{3}$ | Cumulative <br> Rate Method | Though Cumulative and Non Cumulative Rate method should calculate the same interest amount where the rounding method is consistent, the Non Cumulative Rate method is preferred for loans as it better supports intra interest period event such as |
| Lookback/ <br> Lag Days | 5 Banking Days | Other variables as required |  |  | loan trading activity, to distribute interest to the lenders on a pro-rata basis (see page 22) |
| Rounding | SONIA 4 DP |  | Round | Do not round the | - The recommended approach will ensure the |
| Day Count | Actual/ 365 |  | do not round Non Cumulative rate | rate | and Non Cumulative rate is the same. (see page 22) |

[^0][^1]
## SONIA Loans Market Conventions - Lookback with or without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$

In the UK, the recommendation from the Working Group is for a 5 Banking Days Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$. Whilst this approach is the recommendation, each of Lookback with or without Observation Shift has benefits and limitations and either approach may be considered appropriate for market participants.

In the US, the ARRC has made a decision to adopt Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ where interest is calculated on compound in arrears basis. They also determined that the basis risk between the two methods was minimal.

## Compounded in arrears - Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ vs Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$

- Key differences between Lookback without Observation Shift (Lag methodology) and Lookback with Observation Shift

| Lookback without Observation Shift1 |
| :--- | :--- |

- Compounded rate is calculated based on no. of calendar days in an observation period i.e., applicable SONIA for each day within a loan period is weighted based on no. of calendar days in the observation period.
- Interest is calculated for the total no. of calendar days in an interest period
- If SONIA were to reduce sharply around bank holidays (even if SONIA is not negative) there could be negative accrual on certain days. However, total interest for that interest period will not be negative.

[^2]
## Recommended Convention

## Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$

${ }^{1}$ Also known as 'Lag'

## Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ - Overview

## Below is an illustration of 5 Banking Days Lookback rate fixing for a SONIA referencing loan.



How does 5 banking days Lookback work?
Every day of the interest period, 5 banking days prior rate is used.

For example - if a loan is drawn effective 05-Feb-19 (Tue), the applicable rate will be the rate for 29-Jan-19 (Tue) which is published on 30-Jan-19 (Wed). The same process is repeated throughout the interest/ loan period.

| Rate for | 28-Jan <br> Mon | $\begin{gathered} \text { 29-Jan } \\ \text { Tue } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 30-Jan <br> Wed | 31-Jan Thu | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 01-Feb } \\ \text { Fri } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 02-Feb Sat | 03-Feb Sun | 04-Feb <br> Mon | 05-Feb Tue | 06-Feb Wed | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 07-Feb } \\ \text { Thu } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Published on | 29-Jan <br> Tue | 30-Jan <br> Wed | 31-Jan Thu | $\begin{gathered} \hline 01-\mathrm{Feb} \\ \text { Fri } \end{gathered}$ | 04-Feb Mon | - | - | 05-Feb Tue | 06-Feb Wed | $\begin{gathered} \text { 07-Feb } \\ \text { Thu } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 08-Feb } \\ \text { Fri } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 0.7054 | 0.7036 | 0.7034 | 0.7034 | 0.7025 | - | - | 0.7051 | 0.7048 | 0.7066 | 0.7065 |

Loan Period - 05-Feb-19 to 12-Feb-19

| Observation <br> Date | Start Date | End Date | Daily <br> RFR | Comment |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Tue,29-Jan-19 | Tue,05-Feb-19 | Wed,06-Feb-19 | 0.7036 | Use rate for 29-Jan published on 30-Jan |
| Wed,30-Jan-19 | Wed,06-Feb-19 | Thu,07-Feb-19 | 0.7034 | Use rate for 30-Jan published on 31-Jan |
| Thu,31-Jan-19 | Thu,07-Feb-19 | Fri,08-Feb-19 | 0.7034 | Use rate for 31-Jan published on 1-Feb |
| Fri,01-Feb-19 | Fri,08-Feb-19 | Mon,11-Feb-19 | 0.7025 | Use rate for 1-Feb published on 4-Feb |
| Mon,04-Feb-19 | Mon,11-Feb-19 | Tue,12-Feb-19 | 0.7051 | Use rate for 4-Feb published on 5-Feb |

[^3]
## Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ - Formula

The Non Cumulative Compounded Rate ${ }^{1}$ is the recommended implementation approach as it better supports intra period events such as trading activity.

Non Cumulative Compounded Rate - Lookback without Observation Shift²

## Compounded Rate calculation

## Step 1 Annualised Cumulative Compounded $\operatorname{RFR}_{i}\left(A C R_{i}\right)$

$$
=\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)-1\right] \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{t n_{i}} \quad \begin{aligned}
& { }^{* A C R_{i} \text { should be rounded daily to } \mathrm{x}} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { decimal places (as defined in the } \\
\text { credit agreement) }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Step 2 Unannualised Cumulative Compounded $R F R_{i}\left(U C R_{i}\right)$

$$
=A C R_{i} \times \frac{t n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}} \quad{ }^{*} U C R_{i} \text { should not be rounded }
$$

## Step 3 Non Cumulative Compounded $R F R_{i}\left(N C R_{i}\right)$

$$
=\left(U C R_{i}-U C R_{i-1 \mathrm{BD}}\right) \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{n_{i}} \quad{ }^{*} N C R_{i} \text { should not be rounded }
$$

ACR (in Step1) is rounded but UCR (in Step 2) and NCR (in Step 3) are not rounded to ensure compounded rate rounding is not duplicated and the interest amount using Cumulative or Non Cumulative Compounded rate is the same.

## Interest amount calculation

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Step } 4 \text { InterestAmount }{ }_{i} \\
& =\left[\sum_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(\frac{\text { Principal }_{i} \times\left[N C R_{i}+C A S+\text { Margin }\right] \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

*Interest Amount should be rounded to 2 decimal places at the end of the period only
${ }^{1}$ Preferred where rounding method is consistent to calculate the same interest amount as Cumulative Rate Method (see page 22)

[^4]
## Cumulative Compounded Rate - Lookback without Observation Shift²

## Compounded Rate calculation

Step 1 Final Cumulative Compounded $\boldsymbol{R F R}_{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{b}}}\left(\boldsymbol{F C R}_{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{b}}}\right)$
$=\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)-1\right] \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{t n_{i}}$
*FCR should be rounded to x decimal places (as defined in the agreement)

## Interest amount calculation

## Step 2

Interest Amount $=\left(\frac{\text { Principal } \times\left[F C R_{d_{b}}+C A S+\text { Margin }\right] \times t n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)$
*Interest Amount should be rounded to 2 decimal places

## Where

$d_{b} \quad=$ the number of Banking Days in the Interest Period
$r_{i} \quad=$ the interest rate applicable on Banking Day $i$ in the Observation Period, as published on the Banking Day immediately after Banking Day $i$
$n_{i} \quad=$ the number of calendar days for which $r_{i}$ applies in the relevant Interest Period, (on most days, $n_{i}$ will be 1 , but on a Friday it will generally be 3 , and it will also be larger than 1 on the Banking Day before a holiday).
$\mathrm{tn}_{\mathrm{i}} \quad=$ total number of $n_{i}$ as of the relevant Banking Day within the Interest Period.
$\mathrm{N} \quad=$ market convention for quoting the number of days in the year.
BD = Banking Day for the specific currency only
$i=$ series of whole numbers from one to $d_{\mathrm{b}}$, each representing the relevant Banking Day in chronological order from, and including, the first Banking Day in the relevant Interest Period
CAS = Credit Adjustment Spread (if applicable)

## Lookback without Observation Shift1 - Worked example

Though the Cumulative and Non Cumulative Compounded Rate are different implementation approaches, if the same rounding conventions are used in both the methods, the interest amount will be identical. As illustrated below there is no difference in interest amount using Cumulative and Non Cumulative Compounded Rate

| Lookback/Lag Days | 5 | Margin | 2.00\% | Rounding | No Rounding | No Rounding | As per Agreement | No Rounding | No Rounding |  | No Rounding | No Rounding | No Rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Basis ( N ) | 365 | Credit Adjustment Spread | 0.05\% | (Recommended) | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 4 dp | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more |  | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 2 dp (at the end) |
| Loan Period - 15-Apr-19 to 15-May-19 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Step 1: $\mathrm{ACR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | Step 2: UCR ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | Step 3: $\mathrm{NCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | Step 4: Interest |  |  |  |
| Breaking down the Formula |  | $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{tn}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}(\mathrm{~N}=365)$ | $\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)$ | $\left.\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_{0}}\left(1+\frac{r_{1} \times n_{t}}{N}\right)-1\right] \times \frac{N}{t n_{i}}\right]$ | $A C R_{i} \times \frac{t n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}$ | $\left(U C R_{i}-U C R_{i-1-1 \mathrm{BD}}\right) \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{n_{i}}$ |  | $\left[\sum_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(\frac{\text { Principal }_{i} \times\left[N C R_{i}+C A S+\text { Margin }\right] \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)\right]$ |  |  |  |
| Observation <br> Date <br> (T-5) | Start Date <br> (T) | No. calendar days in Interest Period | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Cumulative } \\ \text { Interest } \\ \text { Period Days } \end{array}\right\|$ | Daily RFR (SONIA) | Unannualised/ <br> Effective RFR | Compounding Factor | Annualised Cumulative Compounded RFR ${ }_{i}$ ( $\mathrm{ACR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | Unannualised Cumulative Compounded RFR (UCR ${ }_{i}$ ) | Non Cumulative Compounded RFR ( $\mathrm{NCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | Principal | RFR Interest using Non Cumulative Compounded Rate | Credit Adjustment Spread Interest | Margin Interest | Total Interest |
| Mon,08-Apr-19 | Mon,15-Apr-19 | 1 | 1 | 0.70790\% | 0.0000193945205 | 1.0000193945206 | 0.707900\% | 0.0000193945205 | 0.7079000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,939.45 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,555.89 |
| Tue,09-Apr-19 | Tue,16-Apr-19 | 1 | 2 | 0.70720\% | 0.0000193753425 | 1.0000387702388 | 0.707600\% | 0.0000387726027 | 0.7073000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,937.81 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,554.25 |
| Wed,10-Apr-19 | Wed,17-Apr-19 | 1 | 3 | 0.70810\% | 0.0000194000000 | 1.0000581709909 | 0.707700\% | 0.0000581671233 | 0.7079000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,939.45 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,555.89 |
| Thu,11-Apr-19 | Thu,18-Apr-19 | 5 | 8 | 0.70750\% | 0.0000969178082 | 1.0001550944370 | 0.707600\% | 0.0001550904110 | 0.7075400000\% | 100,000,000 | 9,692.33 | 684.93 | 27,397.26 | 37,774.52 |
| Fri,12-Apr-19 | Tue,23-Apr-19 | 1 | 9 | 0.70740\% | 0.0000193808219 | 1.0001744782647 | 0.707600\% | 0.0001744767123 | 0.7076000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,938.63 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,555.07 |
| Mon,15-Apr-19 | Wed,24-Apr-19 | 1 | 10 | 0.70820\% | 0.0000194027397 | 1.0001938843898 | 0.707700\% | 0.0001938904110 | 0.7086000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,941.37 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,557.81 |
| Tue,16-Apr-19 | Thu,25-Apr-19 | 1 | 11 | 0.70810\% | 0.0000194000000 | 1.0002132881512 | 0.707700\% | 0.0002132794521 | 0.7077000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,938.90 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,555.34 |
| Wed,17-Apr-19 | Fri,26-Apr-19 | 3 | 14 | 0.70840\% | 0.0000582246575 | 1.0002715252273 | 0.707900\% | 0.0002715232877 | 0.7086333333\% | 100,000,000 | 5,824.38 | 410.96 | 16,438.36 | 22,673.70 |
| Thu,18-Apr-19 | Mon,29-Apr-19 | 1 | 15 | 0.70870\% | 0.0000194164384 | 1.0002909469377 | 0.708000\% | 0.0002909589041 | 0.7094000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,943.56 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,560.00 |
| Tue,23-Apr-19 | Tue,30-Apr-19 | 1 | 16 | 0.70920\% | 0.0000194301370 | 1.0003103827279 | 0.708100\% | 0.0003104000000 | 0.7096000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,749.70 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,804.49 |
| Wed, 24-Apr-19 | Wed,01-May-19 | 1 | 17 | 0.70870\% | 0.0000194164384 | 1.0003298051928 | 0.708100\% | 0.0003298000000 | 0.7081000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,746.00 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,800.79 |
| Thu,25-Apr-19 | Thu,02-May-19 | 1 | 18 | 0.70960\% | 0.0000194410959 | 1.0003492527004 | 0.708200\% | 0.0003492493151 | 0.7099000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,750.44 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,805.23 |
| Fri,26-Apr-19 | Fri,03-May-19 | 4 | 22 | 0.71070\% | 0.0000778849315 | 1.0004271648335 | 0.708700\% | 0.0004271616438 | 0.7109500000\% | 90,000,000 | 7,012.11 | 493.15 | 19,726.03 | 27,231.29 |
| Mon,29-Apr-19 | Tue,07-May-19 | 1 | 23 | 0.70970\% | 0.0000194438356 | 1.0004466169748 | 0.708800\% | 0.0004466410959 | 0.7110000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,753.15 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,807.95 |
| Tue,30-Apr-19 | Wed,08-May-19 | 1 | 24 | 0.71090\% | 0.0000194767123 | 1.0004661023857 | 0.708900\% | 0.0004661260274 | 0.7112000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,753.64 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,808.44 |
| Wed,01-May-19 | Thu,09-May-19 | 1 | 25 | 0.71030\% | 0.0000194602740 | 1.0004855717302 | 0.708900\% | 0.0004855479452 | 0.7089000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,747.97 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,802.77 |
| Thu,02-May-19 | Fri,10-May-19 | 3 | 28 | 0.71070\% | 0.0000584136986 | 1.0005440137929 | 0.709200\% | 0.0005440438356 | 0.7117000000\% | 90,000,000 | 5,264.63 | 369.86 | 14,794.52 | 20,429.01 |
| Fri,03-May-19 | Mon,13-May-19 | 1 | 29 | 0.70980\% | 0.0000194465753 | 1.0005634709474 | 0.709200\% | 0.0005634739726 | 0.7092000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,748.71 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,803.51 |
| Tue,07-May-19 | Tue,14-May-19 | 1 | 30 | 0.70940\% | 0.0000194356164 | 1.0005829175153 | 0.709200\% | 0.0005829041096 | 0.7092000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,748.71 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,803.51 |
|  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55,370.96 | 3,904.11 | 156,164.38 | 215,439.45 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumulative Rate Method |  |  | 55,370.96 | 3,904.11 | 156,164.38 | 215,439.45 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Also known as 'Lag' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumulative Rate vs Non Cumulative Rate Method |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

## Alternative Convention

## Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$

[^5]
## Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ - Overview

An Observation shift reflects the weightage for the daily applicable rate within an interest period using no. of days in observation period rather than interest period. This methodology differs from the standard lookback methodology in when it accounts for bank holidays.

| Observation <br> Date <br> (T-5) | Start Date <br> (T) | End Date | Daily RFR SONIA | No. calendar days in Interest Period | No. calendar days in Observation Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fri, 05-Apr-19 | Fri, 12-Apr-19 | Mon, 15-Apr-19 | 0.7076 | 3 | 3 |
| Mon, 08-Apr-19 | Mon, 15-Apr-19 | Tue, 16-Apr-19 | 0.7079 | 1 | 1 |
| Tue, 09-Apr-19 | Tue, 16-Apr-19 | Wed, 17-Apr-19 | 0.7072 | 1 | 1 |
| Wed, 10-Apr-19 | Wed, 17-Apr-19 | Thu, 18-Apr-19 | 0.7081 | 1 | 1 |
| Thu, 11-Apr-19 | Thu, 18-Apr-19 | Tue, 23-Apr-19 | 0.7075 | 5 | 1 |
| Fri, 12-Apr-19 | ,Tue, 23-Apr-19 | Wed, 24-Apr-19 | 0.7074 | $1{ }^{\text {N }}$ | 3 |
| Mon, 15-Apr-19 | Wed, 24-Apr-19 | Thu, 25-Apr-19 | 0.7082 | $1$ | 1 |
| Tue, 16-Apr-199 | Thu, 25-Apr-19 | Fri, 26-Apr-19 | 0.7081 | 1 | 1 |
| Wed, 17-Ap/-19 | Fri, 26-Apr-19 | Mon, 29-Apr-19 | 0.7084 | 3 | - 1 |
| Thu, 18-Apr-19 | Mon, 29-Apr-19 | Tue, 30-Apr-19 | 0.7087 | 1 | 5 |
| Tue, 23-Apr-19 | Tue, 30-Apr-19 | Wed, 01-May-19 | 0.7092 | 1 | 1 |
| Wed, 24-Apr-19 | Wed, 01-May-19 | Thu, 02-May-19 | 0.7087 | 1 | 1 |
| Thu, 25-Apr-19 | Thu, 02-May-19 | Fri, 03-May-19 | 0.7096 | 1 | 1 |
| Fri, 26-Apr-19 | Fri, 03-May-19 | Tue, 07-May-19 | 0.7107 | 4 | 3 |
| Mon, 29-Apr-19 | Tue, 07-May-19 | Wed, 08-May-19 | 0.7097 | 1 | 1 |
| Tue, 30-Apr-19 | Wed, 08-May-19 | Thu, 09-May-19 | 0.7109 | 1 | 1 |
| Wed, 01-May-19 | Thu, 09-May-19 | Fri, 10-May-19 | 0.7103 | 1 | 1 |
| Thu, 02-May-19 | Fri, 10-May-19 | Mon, 13-May-19 | 0.7107 | 3 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 31 | 28 |

- For example: For $18-A p r$, the rate applied is from 11-Apr. The no. of days in the interest period is 5 days due to Easter, however the rate for 11-Apr is for 1 day. So Observation Shift would apply the rate 0.7075 for 1 day only.
- Similarly, for 29-Apr the rate applied is from 18-Apr. The no. of days in the interest period is 1 day, however the rate for $18-\mathrm{Apr}$ is for 5 days. So Observation Shift would apply the rate 0.7087 for 5 days.

In this example, compounded rate is calculated for 28 observation period days (A). This is annualised $\left(A \times \frac{365}{28}\right)=B$. Interest is then calculated for the total interest period days i.e., 31 days $\left(B \times \frac{31}{365} \times\right.$ Prin $)$

- To calculate Non Cumulative Compounded Rate (NCCR) for Lookback with Observation Shift,
- the Cumulative Compounded rate should be annualised daily using calendar days in the observation period. It should also be rounded daily as per the no. of decimal places in the credit agreement; and
- the Cumulative Compounded rate needs to be adjusted daily using calendar days in the interest period, to ensure NCCR is calculated accurately and the correct amount of interest is charged..
- Please refer to the example for further details.

[^6]
## Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ - Formula

The Non Cumulative Compounded Rate ${ }^{1}$ is the recommended implementation approach as it better supports intra period events such as trading activity.

```
Non Cumulative Compounded Rate - Lookback with Observation Shift2
```


## Compounded Rate calculation

## Step 1 Annualised Cumulative Compounded $R F R_{i}\left(A C R_{i}\right)$

$$
=\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)-1\right] \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{t n_{i}} \quad \begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
* A C R_{i} \text { should be rounded daily to } \\
\frac{\mathrm{x} \text { decimal places (as defined in }}{\text { the credit agreement) }}
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Step 2 Unannualised Cumulative Compounded $R F_{i}\left(U C R_{i}\right)$

$$
=A C R_{i} \times \frac{t c n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}} \quad * U C R_{i} \text { should not be rounded }
$$

## Step 3 Non Cumulative Compounded $R F R_{i}\left(N C R_{i}\right)$

$$
=\left(U C R_{i}-U C R_{i-1 \mathrm{BD}}\right) \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{C n_{i}} \quad{ }^{*} N C R_{i} \text { should not be rounded }
$$

ACR (in Step1) is rounded but UCR (in Step 2) and NCR (in Step 3) are not rounded to ensure compounded rate rounding is not duplicated and the interest amount using Cumulative or Non Cumulative Compounded rate is the same.

## Interest amount calculation

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Step } 4 \text { InterestAmount }_{i} \\
& =\left[\sum_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(\frac{\text { Principal }_{i} \times\left[N C R_{i}+C A S+\text { Margin }\right] \times c n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

*Interest Amount should be rounded to 2 decimal places at the end of the period only
${ }^{1}$ Preferred where rounding method is consistent to calculate the same interest amount as Cumulative Rate Method (see page 22)
${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Lag'

## Cumulative Compounded Rate - Lookback with Observation Shift²

## Compounded Rate calculation

## Step 1 Final Cumulative Compounded RFR $_{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{b}}}\left(\right.$ FCR $\left._{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{b}}}\right)$

$$
=\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)-1\right] \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{t n_{i}} \quad \begin{aligned}
& \text { *FCR should be rounded to } \times \\
& \underline{\text { decimal places (as defined in }}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Interest amount calculation

## Step 2 Interest Amount $=\left(\frac{\text { Principal } \times\left[F C R_{d_{b}}+C A S+\text { Margin }\right] \times \text { tcn }_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)$

*Interest Amount should be rounded to 2 decimal places
Where
$\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{b}} \quad=$ the number of Banking Days in the Observation Period
$r_{i} \quad=$ the interest rate applicable on Banking Day $i$ in the Observation Period, as published on the Banking Day immediately after Banking Day $i$
$n_{i} \quad=$ the number of calendar days for which $r_{i}$ applies in the relevant Observation Period (on most days, $n_{i}$ will be 1, but on a Friday it will generally be 3, and it will also be larger than 1 on the Banking Day before a holiday).
$\mathrm{tn}_{\mathrm{i}} \quad=$ total number of $n_{i}$ as of the relevant Banking Day within the Observation Period.
$\mathrm{cn}_{\mathrm{i}} \quad=$ the number of calendar days for which $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{i}}$ applies in the relevant Interest Period.
$\mathrm{tcn}_{\mathrm{i}}=$ total number of $\mathrm{c} n_{i}$ as of the relevant Banking Day within the Interest Period.
$\mathrm{N} \quad=$ market convention for quoting the number of days in the year.
BD = Banking Day for the specific currency only
$i \quad=$ series of whole numbers from one to $d_{b}$, each representing the relevant Banking Day in chronological order from, and including, the first Banking Day in the relevant Observation Period

CAS =Credit Adjustment Spread

## Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ - Worked Example

Though the Cumulative and Non Cumulative Compounded Rate are different implementation approaches, if the same rounding conventions are used in both the methods, the interest amount will be identical. As illustrated below there is no difference in interest amount using Cumulative and Non Cumulative Compounded Rate

| Lookback/Lag Days | 5 |  |  | Margin | 2.00\% | Rounding | No Rounding | No Rounding | As per Agreement | No Rounding | No Rounding |  | No Rounding | No Rounding | No Rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Basis (N) | 365 |  | Credit Adjustm | ment Spread | 0.05\% | (Recommended) | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 4 dp | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more |  | 16 dp or more | 16 dpor more 1 | 16 dp or more ${ }^{2}$ | 2 dp (at the end) |
| Loan Period-15-Apr-19 to 15-May-19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Step 1: $\mathrm{ACR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | Step 2: UCR ${ }_{i}$ | Step 3: $\mathrm{NCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | Step 4: Interest |  |  |  |
| Breaking down the Formula |  | $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{tn}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{cn}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{tcn}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}(\mathrm{~N}=365)$ | $\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)$ | $\left[\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{t}}{N}\right)-1\right] \times \frac{N}{t n_{i}}\right]$ | $A C R_{i} \times \frac{t c n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}$ | $\left(U C R_{i}-U C R_{i-18 D}\right) \times \frac{N}{c} n_{i}$ |  | $\left[\sum_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(\frac{\text { Principal }_{i} \times\left[N C R_{i}+\text { CAS }+ \text { Margin }\right] \times C n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)\right]$ |  |  |  |
| Observation Date <br> (T-5) | Start Date <br> (T) | No. calendar days in Observation Period | Cumulative <br> Observation <br> Period Days | No. <br> calendar <br> days in <br> Interest <br> Period | Cumulative Interest Period Days | Daily RFR (SONIA) | Unannualised/ Effective RFR | Compounding Factor | Annualised Cumulative Compounded RFR $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ( $\mathrm{ACR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | Unannualised Cumulative Compounded RFR (UCR ${ }_{i}$ ) | Non Cumulative Compounded RFR ( $\mathrm{NCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | Principal | RFR Interest using Non Cumulative Compounded Rate | Credit Adjustment Spread Interest | Margin Interest | Total Interest |
| Mon,08-Apr | Mon,15-Apr | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.70790\% | 0.0000193945205 | 1.0000193945206 | 0.707900\% | 0.0000193945205 | 0.7079000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,939.45 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,555.89 |
| Tue,09-Apr | Tue,16-Apr | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0.70720\% | 0.0000193753425 | 1.0000387702388 | 0.707600\% | 0.0000387726027 | 0.7073000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,937.81 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,554.25 |
| Wed,10-Apr | Wed,17-Apr | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0.70810\% | 0.0000194000000 | 1.0000581709909 | 0.707700\% | 0.0000581671233 | 0.7079000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,939.45 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,555.89 |
| Thu,11-Apr | Thu, 18-Apr | 1 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 0.70750\% | 0.0000193835616 | 1.0000775556801 | 0.707700\% | 0.0001551123288 | 0.7077000000\% | 100,000,000 | 9,694.52 | 684.93 | 27,397.26 | 37,776.71 |
| Fri,12-Apr | Tue, 23-Apr | 3 | 7 | 1 | 9 | 0.70740\% | 0.0000581424658 | 1.0001357026552 | 0.707600\% | 0.0001744767123 | 0.7068000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,936.44 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,552.88 |
| Mon,15-Apr | Wed, 24-Apr | 1 | 8 | 1 | 10 | 0.70820\% | 0.0000194027397 | 1.0001551080279 | 0.707700\% | 0.0001938904110 | 0.7086000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,941.37 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,557.81 |
| Tue,16-Apr | Thu, 25-Apr | 1 | 9 | 1 | 11 | 0.70810\% | 0.0000194000000 | 1.0001745110370 | 0.707700\% | 0.0002132794521 | 0.7077000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,938.90 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,555.34 |
| Wed,17-Apr | Fri, 26-Apr | 1 | 10 | 3 | 14 | 0.70840\% | 0.0000194082192 | 1.0001939226431 | 0.707800\% | 0.0002714849315 | 0.7081666667\% | 100,000,000 | 5,820.55 | 410.96 | 16,438.36 | 22,669.86 |
| Thu,18-Apr | Mon,29-Apr | 5 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 0.70870\% | 0.0000970821918 | 1.0002910236613 | 0.708200\% | 0.0002910410959 | 0.7138000000\% | 100,000,000 | 1,955.62 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 7,572.05 |
| Tue,23-Apr | Tue,30-Apr | 1 | 16 | 1 | 16 | 0.70920\% | 0.0000194301370 | 1.0003104594530 | 0.708200\% | 0.0003104438356 | 0.7082000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,746.25 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,801.04 |
| Wed, $24-\mathrm{Apr}$ | Wed,01-May | 1 | 17 | 1 | 17 | 0.70870\% | 0.0000194164384 | 1.0003298819193 | 0.708300\% | 0.0003298931507 | 0.7099000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,750.44 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,805.23 |
| Thu,25-Apr | Thu,02-May | 1 | 18 | 1 | 18 | 0.70960\% | 0.0000194410959 | 1.0003493294285 | 0.708400\% | 0.0003493479452 | 0.7101000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,750.93 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,805.73 |
| Fri,26-Apr | Fri,03-May | 3 | 21 | 4 | 22 | 0.71070\% | 0.0000584136986 | 1.0004077635327 | 0.708700\% | 0.0004271616438 | 0.7100500000\% | 90,000,000 | 7,003.23 | 493.15 | 19,726.03 | 27,222.41 |
| Mon,29-Apr | Tue,07-May | 1 | 22 | 1 | 23 | 0.70970\% | 0.0000194438356 | 1.0004272152968 | 0.708800\% | 0.0004466410959 | 0.7110000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,753.15 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,807.95 |
| Tue,30-Apr | Wed,08-May | 1 | 23 | 1 | 24 | 0.71090\% | 0.0000194767123 | 1.0004467003299 | 0.708900\% | 0.0004661260274 | 0.7112000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,753.64 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,808.44 |
| Wed,01-May | Thu,09-May | 1 | 24 | 1 | 25 | 0.71030\% | 0.0000194602740 | 1.0004661692968 | 0.709000\% | 0.0004856164384 | 0.7114000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,754.14 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,808.93 |
| Thu,02-May | Fri,10-May | 1 | 25 | 3 | 28 | 0.71070\% | 0.0000194712329 | 1.0004856496066 | 0.709000\% | 0.0005438904110 | 0.7090000000\% | 90,000,000 | 5,244.66 | 369.86 | 14,794.52 | 20,409.04 |
| Fri,03-May | Mon,13-May | 4 | 29 | 1 | 29 | 0.70980\% | 0.0000777863014 | 1.0005634736848 | 0.709200\% | 0.0005634739726 | 0.7148000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,762.52 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,817.32 |
| Tue,07-May | Tue,14-May | 1 | 30 | 1 | 30 | 0.70940\% | 0.0000194356164 | 1.0005829202527 | 0.709200\% | 0.0005829041096 | 0.7092000000\% | 90,000,000 | 1,748.71 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 6,803.51 |
|  |  | 30 |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55,371.78 | 3,904.11 | 156,164.38 | 215,440.27 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumulative Rate Method |  |  | 55,371.78 | 3,904.11 | 156,164.38 | 215,440.27 |
| 2 Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumulative Rate vs Non Cumulative Rate Method |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

## Lookback with Observation Shift² - Sharp Decrease in Interest Rate - No Negative Interest

The below example illustrates the impact on daily interest calculation during the recent sharp reduction in SONIA due to COVID-19 situation.

- 11-Mar-20 - SONIA reduced by approx. 63\%
- 20-Mar-20 - SONIA reduced further by approx. 27\%

Even though there was an overall reduction of approx. $90 \%$ in SONIA, daily interest amount is not negative as there were no bank holidays and the no. of days in observation and interest period are same on each day.

| Lookback Days | 5 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Year Basis | 365 |


| Rounding Convention <br> (Recommended) | No Rounding | No Rounding | As per Agreement | No Rounding | No Rounding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 4 dp | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more |
|  |  |  | Cumulative <br> Compounded Rate |  |  |
| Non Cumulative <br> Compounded Rate |  |  |  |  |  |


| Observation <br> Date <br> (T-5) | Start Date <br> (T) | End Date | No. calendar days in Interest Period | No. calendar days in Observation Period | Daily RFR | Unannualised/ <br> Effective Rate | Compounding Factor | Annualised Cumulative Compounded RFR ( $\mathrm{ACR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | Unannualised Cumulative Compounded RFR ${ }_{\mathrm{i}}$ (UCR ${ }_{i}$ ) | Non Cumulative Compounded RFR ${ }_{i}$ ( $\mathrm{NCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mon, 02-Mar-20 | Mon, 09-Mar-20 | Tue, 10-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.70890 | 0.00001942192 | 1.00001942192 | 0.70890000 | 0.00001942192 | 0.70890000000 |
| Tue, 03-Mar-20 | Tue, 10-Mar-20 | Wed, 11-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.70980 | 0.00001944658 | 1.00003886887 | 0.70940000 | 0.00003887123 | 0.70990000000 |
| Wed, 04-Mar-20 | Wed, 11-Mar-20 | Thu, 12-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.71000 | 0.00001945205 | 1.00005832168 | 0.70960000 | 0.00005832329 | 0.71000000000 |
| Thu, 05-Mar-20 | Thu, 12-Mar-20 | Fri, 13-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.70890 | 0.00001942192 | 1.00007774473 | 0.70940000 | 0.00007774247 | 0.70880000000 |
| Fri, 06-Mar-20 | Fri, 13-Mar-20 | Mon, 16-Mar-20 | 3 | 3 | 0.70870 | 0.00005824932 | 1.00013599858 | 0.70910000 | 0.00013599178 | 0.70870000000 |
| Mon, 09-Mar-20 | Mon, 16-Mar-20 | Tue, 17-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.70910 | 0.00001942740 | 1.00015542862 | 0.70910000 | 0.00015541918 | 0.70910000000 |
| Tue, 10-Mar-20 | Tue, 17-Mar-20 | Wed, 18-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.70910 | 0.00001942740 | 1.00017485903 | 0.70920000 | 0.00017487123 | 0.71000000000 |
| Wed, 11-Mar-20 | Wed, 18-Mar-20 | Thu, 19-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.20920 | 0.00000573151 | 1.00018059154 | 0.65920000 | 0.00018060274 | 0.20920000000 |
| Thu, 12-Mar-20 | Thu, 19-Mar-20 | Fri, 20-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.20930 | 0.00000573425 | 1.00018632682 | 0.61830000 | 0.00018633699 | 0.20930000000 |
| Fri, 13-Mar-20 | Fri, 20-Mar-20 | Mon, 23-Mar-20 | 3 | 3 | 0.20930 | 0.00001720274 | 1.00020353277 | 0.53060000 | 0.00020351781 | 0.20903333333 |
| Mon, 16-Mar-20 | Mon, 23-Mar-20 | Tue, 24-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.20960 | 0.00000574247 | 1.00020927640 | 0.50920000 | 0.00020926027 | 0.20960000000 |
| Tue, 17-Mar-20 | Tue, 24-Mar-20 | Wed, 25-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.21350 | 0.00000584932 | 1.00021512694 | 0.49080000 | 0.00021514521 | 0.21480000000 |
| Wed, 18-Mar-20 | Wed, 25-Mar-20 | Thu, 26-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.21480 | 0.00000588493 | 1.00022101314 | 0.47450000 | 0.00022100000 | 0.21370000000 |
| Thu, 19-Mar-20 | Thu, 26-Mar-20 | Fri, 27-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.21340 | 0.00000584658 | 1.00022686101 | 0.46000000 | 0.00022684932 | 0.21350000000 |
| Fri, 20-Mar-20 | Fri, 27-Mar-20 | Mon, 30-Mar-20 | 3 | 3 | 0.07060 | 0.00000580274 | 1.00023266506 | 0.40440000 | 0.00023266849 | 0.07080000000 |
| Mon, 23-Mar-20 | Mon, 30-Mar-20 | Tue, 31-Mar-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.07230 | 0.00000198082 | 1.00023464635 | 0.38930000 | 0.00023464658 | 0.07220000000 |
| Tue, 24-Mar-20 | Tue, 31-Mar-20 | Wed, 01-Apr-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.07360 | 0.00000201644 | 1.00023666326 | 0.37560000 | 0.00023667945 | 0.07420000000 |
| Wed, 25-Mar-20 | Wed, 01-Apr-20 | Thu, 02-Apr-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.07500 | 0.00000205479 | 1.00023871854 | 0.36310000 | 0.00023875068 | 0.07560000000 |
| Thu, 26-Mar-20 | Thu, 02-Apr-20 | Fri, 03-Apr-20 | 1 | 1 | 0.07290 | 0.00000199726 | 1.00024071628 | 0.35140000 | 0.00024068493 | 0.07060000000 |


| Principal | Daily RFR Interest <br> using Non <br> Cumulative <br> Compounded Rate |
| :--- | ---: |
| $100,000,000.00$ | $1,942.19$ |$|$| $100,000,000.00$ | $1,944.93$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $100,000,000.00$ | $1,945.21$ |
| $100,000,000.00$ | $1,941.92$ |
| $100,000,000.00$ | $5,824.93$ |
| $100,000,000.00$ | $1,942.74$ |
| $100,000,000.00$ | $1,945.21$ |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 573.15 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 573.42 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | $1,718.08$ |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 574.25 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 588.49 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 585.48 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 584.93 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 581.92 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 197.81 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 203.29 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 207.12 |
| $100,000,000.00$ | 193.42 |

${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

## Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ - Sharp Decrease in Interest Rate - resulting in Negative Interest

The below example illustrates the impact on daily interest calculation during the recent sharp reduction in SONIA due to COVID-19 situation but using it hypothetically around Easter bank holiday, just to show the impact of a sharp decrease in SONIA around bank holidays.

- When the no. of days in interest period is less than the no. of days in observation period (on 14-Apr-20 and 20-Apr-20), the interest amount just for those days will be negative. A total of approx. $£ 6.2 \mathrm{k}$ in this example.
- This is not the case if the no. of days in interest period is equal or more than the no. of days in the observation period.

If Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ is used for the same scenario, interest accrual would never be negative on any day of the interest period.

${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

## Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ vs with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$

${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

## Comparison between Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ vs Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ - Worked Example

In the below example of 1 month loan, the difference in compounded interest between Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ and with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ is only $£ 0.82$ on a principal of $£ 100,000,000.00$

## Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ vs Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$

| Lookback Days | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Basis | 365 |


| Observation Date (T-5) | Start Date <br> (T) | End Date | No. calendar days in Interest Period | No. calendar days in Observation Period | Daily SONIA | Annualised Cumulative Compounded SONIA ${ }_{d b}\left(\right.$ ACS $\left._{\mathrm{db}}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non Cumulative } \\ & \text { Compounded } \\ & \text { SONIA }{ }_{\mathrm{dbb}} \\ & \left(\text { NCS }_{\mathrm{db}}\right) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mon,08-Apr | Mon,15-Apr | Tue,16-Apr | 1 | 1 | 0.70790 | 0.70790000 | 0.7079000000000000 |
| Tue,09-Apr | Tue,16-Apr | Wed,17-Apr | 1 | 1 | 0.70720 | 0.70760000 | 0.7073000000000000 |
| Wed,10-Apr | Wed,17-Apr | Thu,18-Apr | 1 | 1 | 0.70810 | 0.70770000 | 0.7079000000000000 |
| Thu,11-Apr | Thu,18-Apr | Tue,23-Apr | 5 | 1 | 0.70750 | 0.70760000 | 0.7075400000000000 |
| Fri,12-Apr | Tue,23-Apr | Wed,24-Apr | 1 | 3 | 0.70740 | 0.70760000 | 0.7076000000000000 |
| Mon,15-Apr | Wed,24-Apr | Thu,25-Apr | 1 | 1 | 0.70820 | 0.70770000 | 0.7086000000000000 |
| Tue,16-Apr | Thu,25-Apr | Fri,26-Apr | 1 | 1 | 0.70810 | 0.70770000 | 0.7077000000000000 |
| Wed,17-Apr | Fri,26-Apr | Mon,29-Apr | 3 | 1 | 0.70840 | 0.70790000 | 0.7086330000000000 |
| Thu,18-Apr | Mon,29-Apr | Tue,30-Apr | 1 | 5 | 0.70870 | 0.70800000 | 0.7094000000000000 |
| Tue, $23-\mathrm{Apr}$ | Tue,30-Apr | Wed,01-May | 1 | 1 | 0.70920 | 0.70810000 | 0.7096000000000000 |
| Wed,24-Apr | Wed,01-May | Thu,02-May | 1 | 1 | 0.70870 | 0.70810000 | 0.7081000000000000 |
| Thu, $25-\mathrm{Apr}$ | Thu,02-May | Fri,03-May | 1 | 1 | 0.70960 | 0.70820000 | 0.7099000000000000 |
| Fri,26-Apr | Fri,03-May | Tue,07-May | 4 | 3 | 0.71070 | 0.70870000 | 0.7109500000000000 |
| Mon,29-Apr | Tue,07-May | Wed,08-May | 1 | 1 | 0.70970 | 0.70880000 | 0.7110000000000000 |
| Tue,30-Apr | Wed,08-May | Thu,09-May | 1 | 1 | 0.71090 | 0.70890000 | 0.7112000000000000 |
| Wed,01-May | Thu,09-May | Fri,10-May | 1 | 1 | 0.71030 | 0.70890000 | 0.7089000000000000 |
| Thu,02-May | Fri,10-May | Mon,13-May | 3 | 1 | 0.71070 | 0.70920000 | 0.7117000000000000 |
| Fri,03-May | Mon,13-May | Tue,14-May | 1 | 4 | 0.70980 | 0.70920000 | 0.7092000000000000 |
| Tue,07-May | Tue,14-May | Wed,15-May | 1 | 1 | 0.70940 | 0.70920000 | 0.7092000000000000 |


| Lookback with Observation Shift |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Annualised Cumulative Compounded SONIA $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{db}}\left(\mathrm{ACS}_{\mathrm{db}}\right)$ | Non Cumulative Compounded SONIA ${ }_{\mathrm{db}}$ ( $\mathrm{NCS}_{\mathrm{db}}$ ) |
| 0.70790000 | 0.70790000000000 |
| 0.70760000 | 0.70730000000000 |
| 0.70770000 | 0.707900000000000 |
| 0.70770000 | 0.70770000000000 |
| 0.70760000 | 0.706800000000000 |
| 0.70770000 | 0.708600000000000 |
| 0.70770000 | 0.707700000000000 |
| 0.70780000 | 0.708166666666667 |
| 0.70820000 | 0.71380000000000 |
| 0.70820000 | 0.70820000000000 |
| 0.70830000 | 0.709900000000000 |
| 0.70840000 | 0.71010000000000 |
| 0.70870000 | 0.71004999999999 |
| 0.70880000 | 0.7110000000000020 |
| 0.70890000 | 0.711200000000000 |
| 0.70900000 | 0.711399999999998 |
| 0.70900000 | 0.7090000000000010 |
| 0.70920000 | 0.714799999999999 |
| 0.70920000 | 0.70920000000000 |


|  | SONIA Interest Amount |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Principal | Lookback without Observation Shift | Lookback with Observation Shift | Difference with vs without Obsv. Shift |
| 100,000,000 | 1,939.45 | 1,939.45 | 0.00 |
| 100,000,000 | 1,937.81 | 1,937.81 | 0.00 |
| 100,000,000 | 1,939.45 | 1,939.45 | 0.00 |
| 100,000,000 | 9,692.33 | 9,694.52 | -2.19 |
| 100,000,000 | 1,938.63 | 1,936.44 | 2.19 |
| 100,000,000 | 1,941.37 | 1,941.37 | 0.00 |
| 100,000,000 | 1,938.90 | 1,938.91 | -0.01 |
| 100,000,000 | 5,824.38 | 5,820.54 | 3.84 |
| 100,000,000 | 1,943.56 | 1,955.62 | -12.06 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,749.70 | 1,746.25 | 3.45 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,746.00 | 1,750.43 | -4.43 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,750.44 | 1,750.94 | -0.50 |
| 90,000,000 | 7,012.11 | 7,003.23 | 8.88 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,753.15 | 1,753.15 | 0.00 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,753.64 | 1,753.64 | 0.00 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,747.97 | 1,754.14 | -6.17 |
| 90,000,000 | 5,264.63 | 5,244.66 | 19.97 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,748.71 | 1,762.52 | -13.81 |
| 90,000,000 | 1,748.71 | 1,748.71 | 0.00 |



[^7]Floor Approach for Legacy Contracts

## Floor Approach for Legacy Contracts - Overview

3 different options that have been considered in respect of managing floor for legacy LIBOR loans being converted to SONIA: Option 1 (RFR approach) is the recommended approach. It is important to note that all three options would calculate a slightly different interest amount.

|  | Pros | Cons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 1 (RFR approach) <br> If SONIA + CAS is less than floor value, CAS will remain unchanged; SONIA will be adjusted to ensure SONIA + CAS is equal to Floor | (1) Easy and simple to understand <br> (2) Loan system vendors may be able to deliver the required capability quickly | (1) Currently requires calculation/reconciliation of compounded Sonia component using variable floors for each day in the interest period |
| Option 2 (CAS approach) <br> If SONIA + CAS is less than floor value, SONIA will remain unchanged; CAS will be adjusted to ensure SONIA + CAS is equal to Floor | (1) Easy and simple to understand <br> (2) Standard calculation/reconciliation of unfloored compounded SONIA component | (1) The adjusted CAS cannot be easily reconciled <br> (2) Loan system vendors may take more time to deliver the required capability |
| Option 3 (Hybrid approach) <br> If SONIA is negative, it will be deemed zero, CAS will be adjusted to ensure SONIA + CAS is equal to Floor | (1) Same calculation/reconciliation of compounded SONIA component as for all zero floored contracts | (1) The adjusted CAS cannot be easily reconciled <br> (2) Loan system vendors may take longer to deliver the required capability |


*CAS - Credit Adjustment Spread

## Recommended Approach

## Option 1 RFR Approach

- RFR $=-0.25 \%$
- CAS = 0.25\%
- RFR = -0.15\%
- $C A S=0.25 \%$
- RFR = 0.75\%
- CAS = 0.25\%
- RFR = 0.75\%
- CAS = 0.25\%


## RFR approach

RFR adjusted to equal floor - CAS will remain unchanged

## Option 2 CAS Approach

- RFR = -0.60\%
- CAS = 0.60\%
- RFR = -0.15\%
- CAS = 0.25\%
- RFR = 0.10\%
- $C A S=0.90 \%$
- RFR = - $0.15 \%$
- CAS = 1.15\%

CAS approach

- RFR will remain unchanged - CAS adjusted to equal floor


## Option 3 Hybrid Approach

- RFR $=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 \%}$
- CAS = 0.00\%
- RFR = 0.00\%
- CAS = 0.10\%
- RFR = 0.10\%
- CAS = 0.90\%
- RFR $=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 \%}$
- CAS = 1.00\%

Hybrid approach - RFR - if $<0 \%$, will be $=0 \%$ - CAS adjusted to equal floor

## Floor Approach for Legacy Contracts - Lookback without Observation Shift ${ }^{1}$ Worked Example

Example showing a scenario where RFR + Credit Adjustment Spread (CAS) is below floor. The below represents Option 1 - RFR Approach - CAS will remain unchanged; SONIA will be adjusted to ensure SONIA + CAS is equal to Floor

| Lookback/Lag Days | 5 | Margin | 2.00\% | Rounding Convention (Recommended) |  | No Rounding | No Rounding | As per Agreement | No Rounding | No Rounding |  | No Rounding | No Rounding | No Rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Basis (N) | 365 | Credit Adjustment | 0.05\% |  |  | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 4 dp | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more |  | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 16 dp or more | 2 dpat the end |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Floor (RFR + } \\ \text { CAS) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1\% |  |  |  |  | Step 1: ACR $_{\text {i }}$ | Step 2: $\mathrm{UCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | Step 3: $\mathrm{NCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | Step 4: Interest |  |  |  |
| Breaking down the Formula |  | $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{tn}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}(\mathrm{~N}=365)$ | $\prod_{i=1}^{d_{b}}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)$ | $\left.\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d o}\left(1+\frac{r_{i} \times n_{t}}{N}\right)-1\right] \times \frac{N}{t n_{i}}\right]$ | $A C R_{i} \times \frac{t n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}$ | $\left(U C R_{i}-U C R_{R}+3 D^{\prime}\right) \times \frac{N}{n_{i}}$ |  | $\left[\sum_{i=1}^{d_{0}}\left(\frac{\text { Principal }_{i} \times\left[N C R_{i}+C A S+\text { Margin }\right] \times n_{i}}{\mathrm{~N}}\right)\right]$ |  |  |  |
| Observation Date (T-5) | Start Date <br> (T) |  | Cumulative Interest Period Days | Daily  <br> published  <br> RFR  <br> (SONIA)  | Daily Floored RFR (SONIA) | Unannualised/ Effective RFR | Compounding Factor | Annualised Cumulative Compounded RFR ${ }_{i}$ (ACR ${ }_{i}$ ) | Unannualised Cumulative Compounded RFR (UCR ${ }_{i}$ ) | Non Cumulative Compounded RFR $_{\mathrm{i}}$ ( $\mathrm{NCR}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | Principal | RFR Interest using Non Cumulative Compounded Rate | Credit Adjustment Spread Interest | Margin Interest | Total Interest |
| Mon,08-Apr-19 | Mon,15-Apr-19 | 1 | 1 | 0.70790\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0000260273973 | 0.950000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 0.9500000000\% | 100,000,000 | 2,602.74 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 8,219.18 |
| Tue,09-Apr-19 | Tue,16-Apr-19 | 1 | 2 | 0.70720\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0000520554720 | 0.950000\% | 0.0000520547945 | 0.9500000000\% | 100,000,000 | 2,602.74 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 8,219.18 |
| Wed,10-Apr-19 | Wed, 17-Apr-19 | 1 | 3 | 0.70810\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0000780842241 | 0.950000\% | 0.0000780821918 | 0.9500000000\% | 100,000,000 | 2,602.74 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 8,219.18 |
| Thu,11-Apr-19 | Thu,18-Apr-19 | 5 | 8 | 0.70750\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0001301369863 | 1.0002082313720 | 0.950100\% | 0.0002082410959 | 0.9501600000\% | 100,000,000 | 13,015.89 | 684.93 | 27,397.26 | 41,098.08 |
| Fri,12-Apr-19 | Tue,23-Apr-19 | 1 | 9 | 0.70740\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0002342641890 | 0.950100\% | 0.0002342712329 | 0.9501000000\% | 100,000,000 | 2,603.01 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 8,219.45 |
| Mon,15-Apr-19 | Wed, 24-Apr-19 | 1 | 10 | 0.70820\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0002602976836 | 0.950100\% | 0.0002603013699 | 0.9501000000\% | 100,000,000 | 2,603.01 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 8,219.45 |
| Tue,16-Apr-19 | Thu,25-Apr-19 | 1 | 11 | 0.70810\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0002863318557 | 0.950100\% | 0.0002863315068 | 0.9501000000\% | 100,000,000 | 2,603.01 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 8,219.45 |
| Wed, 17-Apr-19 | Fri,26-Apr-19 | 3 | 14 | 0.70840\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000780821918 | 1.0003644364049 | 0.950100\% | 0.0003644219178 | 0.9501000000\% | 100,000,000 | 7,809.04 | 410.96 | 16,438.36 | 24,658.36 |
| Thu,18-Apr-19 | Mon,29-Apr-19 | 1 | 15 | 0.70870\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0003904732875 | 0.950200\% | 0.0003904931507 | 0.9516000000\% | 100,000,000 | 2,607.12 | 136.99 | 5,479.45 | 8,223.56 |
| Tue, 23-Apr-19 | Tue, 30-Apr-19 | 1 | 16 | 0.70920\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0004165108477 | 0.950200\% | 0.0004165260274 | 0.9502000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,342.96 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,397.75 |
| Wed,24-Apr-19 | Wed,01-May-19 | 1 | 17 | 0.70870\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0004425490857 | 0.950200\% | 0.0004425589041 | 0.9502000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,342.96 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,397.75 |
| Thu,25-Apr-19 | Thu,02-May-19 | 1 | 18 | 0.70960\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0004685880014 | 0.950200\% | 0.0004685917808 | 0.9502000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,342.96 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,397.75 |
| Fri,26-Apr-19 | Fri,03-May-19 | 4 | 22 | 0.71070\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0001041095890 | 1.0005727463749 | 0.950200\% | 0.0005727232877 | 0.9502000000\% | 90,000,000 | 9,371.84 | 493.15 | 19,726.03 | 29,591.01 |
| Mon,29-Apr-19 | Tue,07-May-19 | 1 | 23 | 0.70970\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0005987886793 | 0.950300\% | 0.0005988191781 | 0.9525000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,348.63 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,403.42 |
| Tue, 30-Apr-19 | Wed,08-May-19 | 1 | 24 | 0.71090\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0006248316614 | 0.950300\% | 0.0006248547945 | 0.9503000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,343.21 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,398.00 |
| Wed,01-May-19 | Thu,09-May-19 | 1 | 25 | 0.71030\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0006508753214 | 0.950300\% | 0.0006508904110 | 0.9503000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,343.21 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,398.00 |
| Thu,02-May-19 | Fri,10-May-19 | 3 | 28 | 0.71070\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000780821918 | 1.0007290083350 | 0.950300\% | 0.0007289972603 | 0.9503000000\% | 90,000,000 | 7,029.62 | 369.86 | 14,794.52 | 22,194.00 |
| Fri,03-May-19 | Mon,13-May-19 | 1 | 29 | 0.70980\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0007550547064 | 0.950300\% | 0.0007550328767 | 0.9503000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,343.21 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,398.00 |
| Tue,07-May-19 | Tue,14-May-19 | 1 | 30 | 0.70940\% | 0.95000\% | 0.0000260273973 | 1.0007811017558 | 0.950300\% | 0.0007810684932 | 0.9503000000\% | 90,000,000 | 2,343.21 | 123.29 | 4,931.51 | 7,398.00 |
|  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74,201.10 | 3,904.11 | 156,164.38 | 234,269.59 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Also known as 'Lag' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumulative Rate Method |  |  | 74,201.10 | 3,904.11 | 156,164.38 | 234,269.59 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumulative Rate vs Non Cumulative Rate Method |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

## Floor Approach for Legacy Contracts - Lookback with Observation Shift ${ }^{2}$ Worked Example

Example showing a scenario where RFR + Credit Adjustment Spread (CAS) is below floor. The below represents Option 1 - RFR Approach - CAS will remain unchanged; SONIA will be adjusted to ensure SONIA + CAS is equal to Floor

${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

## Cumulative vs Non Cumulative Rate and the Proposed Rounding Approach

## Cumulative vs Non Cumulative Compounded Rate and the Proposed Rounding Approach

## Cumulative vs Non Cumulative Compounded Rate

While Cumulative and Non Cumulative Compounded Rate methods are different implementation approaches, if the same rounding convention is adopted, the interest amount will be same.

- Cumulative Compounded Rate calculates the compounded rate at the end of the interest period and it is applied to the whole period. It allows calculation of interest for the whole period using a single compounded rate.
- Non Cumulative Compounded Rate is derived from Cumulative Compounded Rate i.e., Cumulative rate as of current day minus Cumulative rate as of prior Banking day. This generates a daily compounded rate which allows the calculation of a daily interest amount.

| Recommendation |  | Reason for the recommendation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| It is recommended to adopt Non Cumulative |  |  |
| Compounded Rate method | Since Cumulative Compounded Rate calculates the applicable compounded rate at the end of the <br> interest period, complexity is added when supporting intra period events such as loan trading activity. |  |
| Non Cumulative Compounded Rate being a daily compounded rate, better supports intra period <br> events such as loan trading activity and specifically to distribute interest to lenders on a pro-rata basis. <br> See below for Working Group's recommendation on how to ensure the total accrued interest amount <br> calculated using the cumulative and non-cumulative compounded rate is always the same. |  |  |

## Rounding the Compounded Rate

The Working Group's recommendation is for SONIA to be rounded (and not truncated) to 4 decimal places and sterling amounts be rounded to two decimal places.

To ensure the total accrued interest amount due from the borrower, calculated using the Cumulative and Non-Cumulative Compounded Rate is always the same, the Working Group's recommendation is for:

- the Annualised Cumulative Compounded Rate (ACR) to be rounded on a daily basis (based on the number of decimal places stated in the credit agreement);
- the Non Cumulative Compounded Rate (NCR) derived from the daily Cumulative Compounded Rate not to be rounded;
- the daily compounded RFR interest component calculated using the Cumulative or Non-Cumulative Compounded Rate not to be rounded (so that the total accrued interest calculated as the sum of these daily compounded RFR interest components does not carry forward rounded amounts); and
- the sterling amount of total accrued interest due from the borrower (i.e. compounded RFR component + margin + Credit Adjustment Spread (if applicable)), whether generated using the Cumulative Compounded Rate or the sum of daily unrounded amounts calculated using the Non-Cumulative Compounded Rate, to be rounded to two decimal places at the end of the period only.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Also known as 'Lag'
    ${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ Preferred where rounding method is consistent to calculate the same interest amount as Cumulative Rate Method (see page 22)

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Also known as 'Lag’
    ${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Also known as 'Lag’

[^4]:    ${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Lag'

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

[^6]:    ${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

[^7]:    ${ }^{2}$ Also known as 'Interest Period Weighted Observation Shift'

