## **Bank of England**

'Strong and Simple'

An update on progress with developing a simpler regime



Nick Lock, Matthew Willison, Adeshini Naidoo

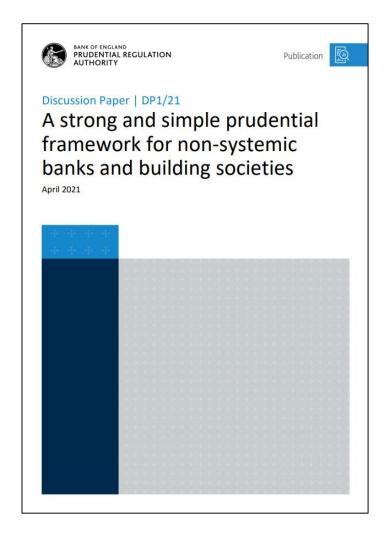
#### Content

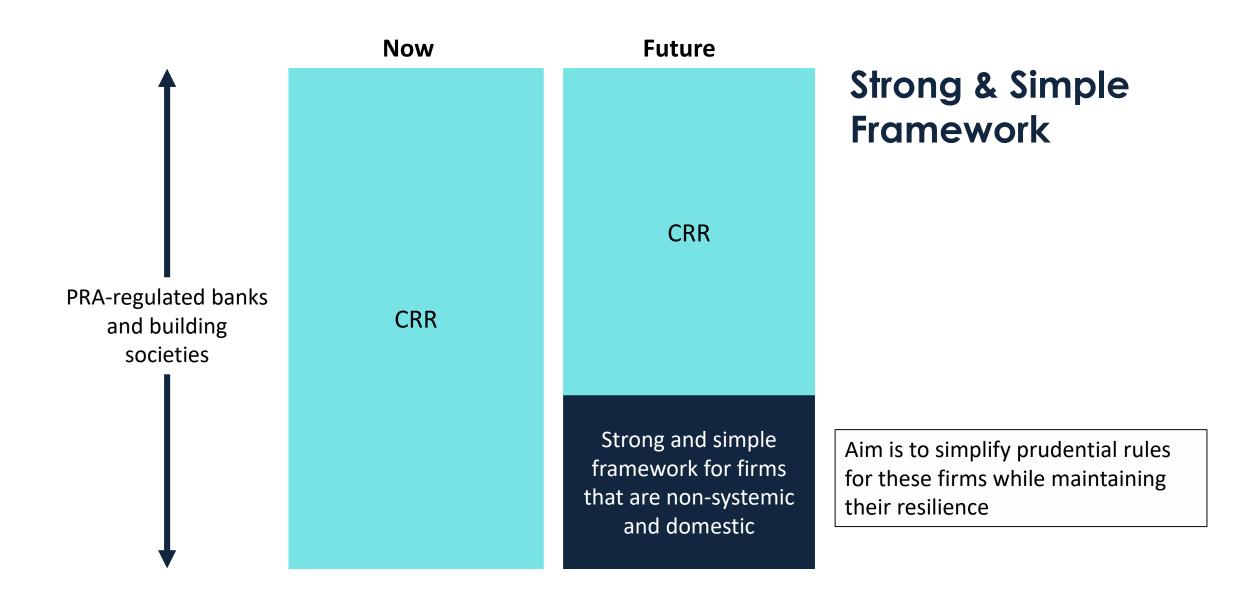
- High-level outline of the Strong and Simple Framework
- Consultation Paper 5/22: summary of proposals
- Interaction with the forthcoming Basel 3.1 reforms
- Plans for future consultations

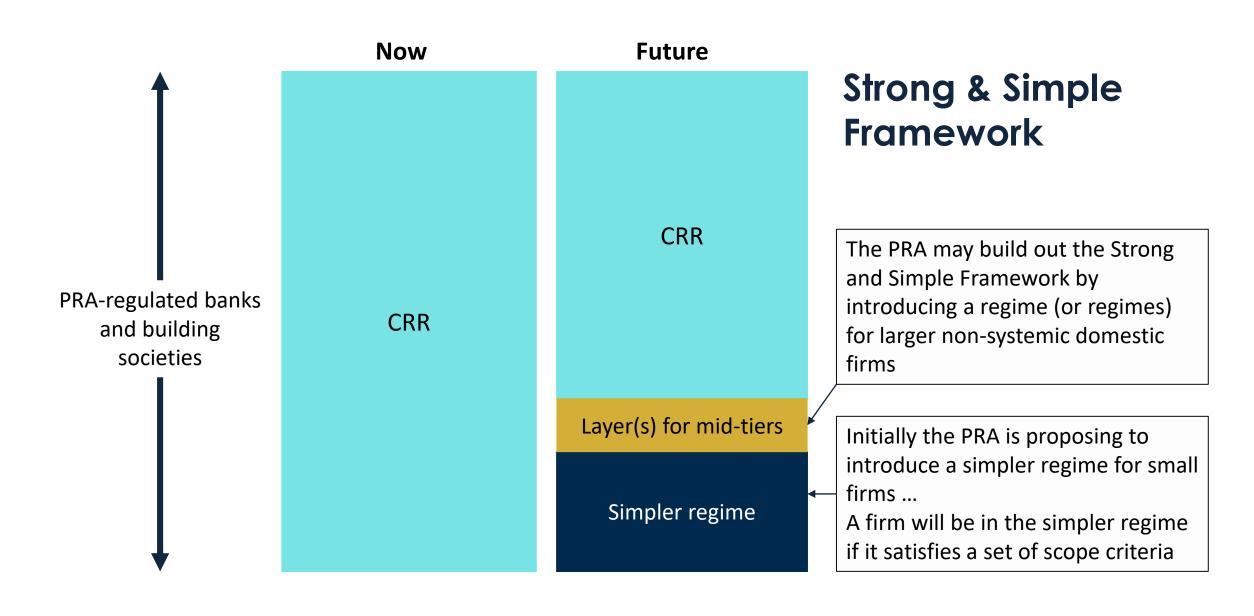
# Outline of the Strong and Simple Framework

## **Background**

- In DP1/21, the PRA sought views on developing a simplified prudential framework for firms that are neither systemically important nor internationally active.
- The objectives of this framework would be to maintain the resilience of those firms, and the stability of the UK financial sector, while using simplified prudential regulation (hence 'Strong & Simple').
- Other jurisdictions have developed simpler prudential regimes for small banks (e.g. Switzerland).
- The DP outlined a strong and simple framework comprising a series of layered prudential regimes where requirements would expand and become more sophisticated as one or both of the size or complexity of firms increase.
- The PRA suggested that the layer for the smallest firms (the 'simpler regime') could be developed first.
- CP5/22 (just published) is the first step in developing the 'simpler regime'.







## Overview of CP5/22 - Definition of a Simpler-regime Firm

The CP was published on 29 April 2022

that would be in scope of the 'simpler regime'

(once developed)



It proposes criteria that a firm would need to satisfy to be treated as a 'Simpler-regime Firm'



Unusually, the CP only defines a 'glossary term'



i.e. it proposes a rule book 'glossary term'

The 'simpler regime' is the bottom 'layer' of a strong and simple 'framework'

This layer is the PRA's current focus



Firms meeting the criteria would automatically be in the 'simpler regime' – but could opt out (or be excluded using PRA powers)



It proposes no operative changes to the prudential regime

Notification
or reporting requirements (or
both) may be needed to verify that
a firm is a 'Simpler-regime Firm'

It outlines a highlevel plan to deliver the next stages of the strong and simple framework

## Proposed scope criteria (1)

#### Size

### **Limited trading activity**

#### No IRB

- Total assets ≤ £15 billion.
- Calculated using a three year average.
- Based on FINREP definition of total assets.

- Trading book business ≤ 5% of total assets and ≤ £44 million.
- Overall net foreign exchange position ≤ 2% of own funds.
- No commodities positions.

- No IRB approvals.
- A firm could develop and submit an IRB application while remaining a Simplerregime Firm.

- Small firms suffer most from the 'complexity problem'.
- Threshold should give room to grow within the simpler regime.
- Averaging gives time to prepare for not meeting the definition.
- The simpler regime won't need the relatively complex rules related to these exposures.
- Thresholds based on derogations in the CRR.

- Rules and guidance related to IRB wouldn't be needed in the simpler regime.
- But, the PRA also considers there are benefits of IRB modelling.

## Proposed scope criteria

#### **Clearing & Settlement**

- No provision of clearing, settlement, custody or correspondent banking services to another bank or building society.
- Does not operate a payment system.
- These activities increase interconnectivity with the wider financial system.
- Would not need to include in the simpler regime prudential rules for the specific risks associated with these activities.

#### **Domestic activity**

- ≥ 85% of the firm's credit exposures must be to obligors located in the UK.
- Based on the COREP data used to determine Countercyclical Capital Buffers.
- Extent of international activity may be an indicator of a firm's complexity.
- PRA wouldn't be deviating from international standards if only domestic-focused firms are in a simpler regime.

#### **Level of application**

- A firm, the consolidation group, and all firms in the group, need to meet the criteria.
- Firms that are part of foreign groups need to apply for a waiver or modification.
- The simpler regime is intended for small banks and building societies, not small units of large groups.
- Need to take into account the size and activities of the group to assess a firm's suitability for the<sup>9</sup> simpler regime.

#### Interaction with Basel 3.1

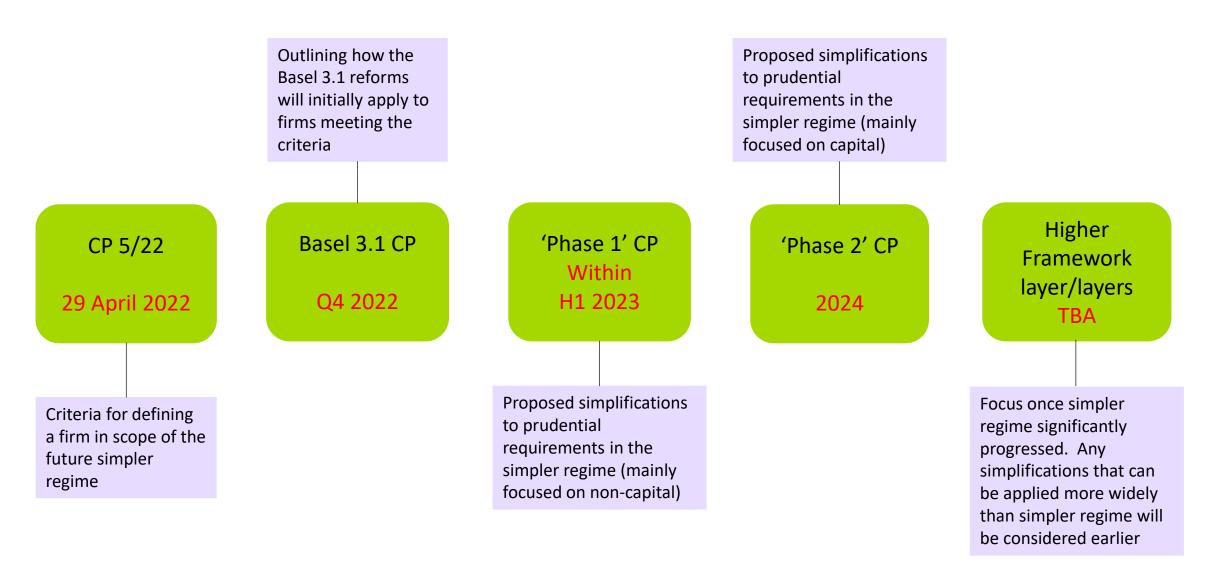
The PRA intends to consult on Basel 3.1 reforms in Q4 2022 (see recent news release).

The PRA is seeking to ensure that small firms only experience one change to their applicable risk-based capital framework.

The PRA intends to consult on an approach that would enable Simpler-regime Firms to remain subject to requirements substantially the same as the currently applicable UK Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) during any interim period between the PRA's implementation of Basel 3.1 and the implementation of measures under the simpler regime.

In addition, the PRA intends to consult on permitting a firm that meets the Simpler-regime Firm definition to choose to be subject without delay to the PRA's implementation of the Basel 3.1 reforms.

## Phasing of Policy Development & Implementation



## Please respond to the consultation!

Closing date: 22 July 2022

Email address: CP5\_22@bankofengland.co.uk

Nick Lock, Matthew Willison, Adeshini Naidoo – Strong & Simple Team, PRA

