HANDBOOK ADMINISTRATION INSTRUMENT (NO 1) 2013

Powers exercised by the Board of the Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA)

- A. The Prudential Regulation Authority makes this instrument in the exercise of the following powers and related provisions in Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
 - (1) section 137G (The PRA's general rules); and
 - (2) section 137T (General supplementary powers).
- B. The rule-making power referred to above is specified for the purpose of section 138G(2) (Rule-making instruments) of the Act.

Commencement

C. This instrument comes into force on 23 July 2013 except for Part II of Annex J which shall come into force on 22 July 2014.

Amendments

D. The modules of the PRA's Handbook listed in column (1) below are amended in accordance with the Annexes to this instrument listed in column (2).

(1)	(2)
Changes to several modules	Annex A
Glossary of definitions	Annex B
Principles for Businesses (PRIN)	Annex C
Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls sourcebook (SYSC)	Annex D
Fees manual (FEES)	Annex E
General Prudential sourcebook (GENPRU)	Annex F
Prudential sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms (BIPRU)	Annex G
Interim Prudential sourcebook for Friendly Societies (IPRU(FSOC))	Annex H
Interim Prudential sourcebook for Investment Businesses (IPRU(INV))	Annex I
Supervision manual (SUP)	Annex J
Compensation sourcebook (COMP)	Annex K
Building Societies Regulatory Guide (BSOG)	Annex L

Citation

E. This instrument may be cited as the Handbook Administration Instrument (No 1) 2013.

By order of the Board of the PRA 22 July 2013

Annex A

Amendments to the Handbook and the Regulatory guides

In this Annex:

(a) in Table 1 (Deletions and replacements table), the word or phrase in column (1) is replaced by the word or phrase in column (2) where indicated in columns (3) and (4). Column (5) identifies further explanation to the amendment where this is needed; and

(b) in Table 2 (Additions table), the word or phrase in column (1) is added where indicated in column (2), (3) and (4). Column (5) identifies further explanation to the amendment where this is needed.

Table 1: 'Deletions and replacements table'

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) Note:
or section 248 (Scheme particular rules)	, section 248 (Scheme particular rules), section 2611 (Contractual scheme rules) or section 261J (Contractual scheme particulars rules)	PRIN, SYSC, TC, GEN, FEES, COBS, ICOBS, MCOB, BCOBS, CASS, MAR, SUP, DISP, COMP, PROF, LR, PR, and DTR	Schedule 6.1 or 6.1A (as appropriate)	

Table 2: 'Additions table'

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) Note:
, ACS	Glossary	definition of "authorised fund"	insert after "ICVC"	
		definition of "unitholder"	insert after "ICVC"	

	GEN	1.2.2R(2)(c)	insert after "AUT"	
or ACS	Glossary	in paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>"scheme property"</i>	insert after "AUT"	

Annex B

Amendments to the Glossary of definitions

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking thorough indicates deleted text.

Insert the following new definitions in the appropriate alphabetical position. The text is not underlined.

ACS	an authorised contractual scheme.			
acting as trustee or depositary of an AIF	the <i>regulated activity</i> , specified in article 51ZD of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> , of acting as:			
	(a)	a depositary of an <i>AIF</i> falling within article 51ZD(2) of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> ;		
	(b)	the <i>trustee</i> of an <i>authorised unit trust</i> which is an <i>AIF</i> that does not fall within article 51ZD(2) of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> ;		
	(c)	the depositary of an <i>open-ended investment company</i> or <i>authorised contractual scheme</i> which is an AIF that does not fall within article 51ZD(2) of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> .		
acting as trustee or depositary of a UCITS	the <i>regulated activity</i> , specified in article 51ZB of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> , of acting as:			
	(a)	a trustee of an authorised unit trust scheme,		
	(b)	a depositary of an open-ended investment company or		
	(c)	an authorised contractual scheme		
	where	ere that company or scheme is a UCITS.		
AIF	altern	native investment fund.		
AIFM	altern	native investment fund manager.		
AIFM investment firm	a firm	which:		
	(a)	is:		
		(i) a <i>full-scope UK AIFM</i> ; or		
		(ii) a small authorised UK AIFM of an authorised AIF; or		
		(iii) an <i>incoming EEA AIFM branch</i> ; and		
	(b)	has a Part 4A permission (or an equivalent permission from		

		its Ho	me State regulator) for managing investments where:
		(i)	the <i>investments</i> managed include one or more <i>financial instruments</i> ; and
		(ii)	the <i>permission</i> is limited to the activities permitted by article 6(2) and (4) of <i>AIFMD</i> .
AIFM management functions	the ma	anagem	ent functions of an AIFM listed in Annex I to AIFMD.
AIFM qualifier			<i>I</i> which is <i>marketing</i> , or has <i>marketed</i> , an <i>AIF</i> in the <i>lom</i> by:
	(a)		ising its EEA right to <i>market</i> under Schedule 3 of the Act Passport Rights); and
	(b)	not ex of the	A ct. A ct.
AIFMD	of 8 Ju ameno	une 201 ling Di	1/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council 1 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers and rectives 2003/41/EC and 2009/65/EC and Regulations 0/2009 and (EU) No 1095/2010.
AIFMD host state requirements	under	the response the response termination the rest of the second seco	<i>les</i> transposing articles 12 and 14 of <i>AIFMD</i> and fall ponsibility of the <i>Host State</i> to supervise where an <i>AIFM markets</i> an <i>AIF</i> through a <i>branch</i> in that <i>EEA State</i> ,
	(a)	FUNI	D 3.8;
	(b)	SYSC	4.1.2CR;
	(c)	SYSC	10.1.22R to SYSC 10.1.26R;
	(d)	COBS	5 2.1.1R; and
	(e)	COBS	5 2.1.4R.
AIFMD level 2 regulation	Direct with r	tive 201 egard to	delegated regulation (EU) No 231/2013 supplementing 1/16/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council o exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, asparency and supervision.
AIFMD UK regulation	the Al 2013/		ve Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (SI
alternative investment fund			e 4(1)(a) of <i>AIFMD</i>) a collective investment undertaking, estment compartments, which:
	(a)	raises	capital from a number of investors, with a view to

			ing it under a defined investment policy for the benefit se investors; and		
	(b)		not require authorisation pursuant to article 5 of the <i>S Directive</i> .		
alternative investment fund manager	busine		4(1)(b) of <i>AIFMD</i>) a legal person whose regular erforming <i>AIFM investment management functions</i> for <i>AIF</i> .		
authorised AIF	an All	an AIF which is an authorised fund.			
authorised contractual scheme	a <i>co-o</i>	a co-ownership scheme or a limited partnership scheme.			
collective portfolio management investment firm	a <i>firm</i> which has a <i>Part 4A permission</i> for <i>managing investments</i> and which is:				
	(a)	an All	FM investment firm; or		
	(b)	a UCI	TS investment firm.		
collective portfolio management firm	a <i>firm</i>	which:			
	(a)	(i)	is a <i>full-scope UK AIFM</i> ; and		
		(ii)	does not have a <i>Part 4A permission</i> to carry on any <i>regulated activities</i> other than those in connection with, or for the purpose of, the <i>AIFS or UCITS</i> it manages; or		
	(b)	is a U UCIT.	CITS firm that has a Part 4A permission for managing a S.		
co-ownership scheme	collec 235A	tive inv	a section 235A(2) of the <i>Act</i> (Contractual schemes)) a <i>estment scheme</i> which satisfies the conditions in section which is authorised for the purposes of the <i>Act</i> by an <i>e order</i> .		
EEA AIF	an Al	F, other	r than a UK AIF, which:		
	(a)		norised or registered in an <i>EEA State</i> under the able national law; or		
	(b)		authorised or registered in an <i>EEA State</i> but has its ered office or head office in an <i>EEA State</i> .		
EEA AIFM			ch has its registered office in an <i>EEA State</i> other than <i>ingdom</i> .		

	(a)	for AIFMs, 'having its registered office in';		
	(b)	for <i>AIFs</i> , 'being authorised or registered in' or, if the <i>AIF</i> is not authorised or registered, 'having its registered office in'; or		
	(c)	for depositaries, 'having its registered office or branch in'.		
established	(unde	r article 4(1)(j) <i>AIFMD</i>):		
	(a)	for AIFMs, 'having its registered office in';		
	(b)	for <i>AIFs</i> , 'being authorised or registered in' or, if the <i>AIF</i> is not authorised or registered, 'having its registered office in'; or		
	(c)	for depositaries, 'having its registered office or branch in'.		
full-scope UK AIFM	a UK	AIFM which:		
	(a)	is not a <i>small AIFM</i> ; or		
	(b)	is a <i>small AIFM</i> but has opted in to <i>AIFMD</i> under article 3(4) of <i>AIFMD</i> .		
fund	an AL	F or a collective investment scheme.		
incoming EEA AIFM		<i>coming EEA firm</i> which is an <i>AIFM</i> and exercising its rights <i>AIFMD</i> .		
incoming EEA AIFM branch	an <i>incoming EEA firm</i> which is an <i>AIFM</i> and exercising its right to establish a <i>branch</i> under <i>AIFMD</i> .			
leverage	increa borro	r article $4(1)(v)$ of <i>AIFMD</i>) any method by which an <i>AIFM</i> uses the exposure of an <i>AIF</i> it manages whether through wing of cash or <i>securities</i> , or leverage embedded in <i>derivative</i> ons or by any other means.		
limited partnership scheme	(as defined in section 235A(5) of the <i>Act</i> (Contractual schemes)) a <i>collective investment scheme</i> which satisfies the conditions in section 235A(6) and which is authorised for the purposes of the <i>Act</i> by an <i>authorisation order</i> .			
managing an AIF	Activi	gulated activity, specified in article 51ZC of the Regulated ties Order of performing risk management or portfolio gement for an AIF.		
managing a UCITS	the <i>regulated activity</i> , specified in article 51ZA of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> of carrying on collective portfolio management within the meaning of the <i>UCITS Directive</i> , in relation to a <i>UCITS</i> .			

non-EEA AIF	an AIF which is not a UK AIF or an EEA AIF.			
small AIFM	an <i>AIFM</i> which meets the conditions in regulation 9 (meaning of small AIFM) of the <i>AIFMD UK regulation</i> .			
small authorised UK AIFM	a UF	<i>XAIFM</i> which:		
	(a)	is a <i>small AIFM</i> ; and		
	(b)	has not opted in to <i>AIFMD</i> under article 3(4) of <i>AIFMD</i> to become a <i>full-scope UK AIFM</i> .		
UK AIFM		<i>IFM established</i> in the <i>United Kingdom</i> and with a <i>Part 4A nission</i> to carry on the <i>regulated activity</i> of <i>managing an AIF</i> .		
unauthorised AIF	an A	IF which is not an <i>authorised fund</i> .		
unauthorised fund	a <i>fur</i>	nd which is not an authorised fund.		
Amend the following e	xisting	g definitions as shown.		
affected person				
	(b)	(in relation to an <i>AUT</i>):		
		(v) the auditor of the scheme:		
	<u>(c)</u>	(in relation to an ACS):		
		(i) the authorised fund manager;		
		(ii) the <i>depositary</i> ;		
		(iii) any investment adviser of the authorised fund manager;		
		(iv) any associate of any person in (c)(i), (ii) or (iii);		
		(v) the auditor of the <i>scheme</i> ;		
		(vi) the nominated partner.		
advising on investments	<u>(1)</u>	(except in SUP 10A (Approved Persons) and APER) the regulated activity, specified in article 53 of the Regulated Activities Order (Advising on investments), which is in summary: advising a person if the advice is:		

summary: advising a *person* if the advice is:

• • •

(2) (in SUP 10A (Approved Persons) and APER) the regulated activity specified in article 53 (Advising on investments) of the Regulated Activities Order. For these purposes, advising on investments includes any activities that would be included but for the exclusion in article 72AA (Managers of UCITS and AIFs) of the Regulated Activities Order.

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agreeing to carry on a regulated activity

(A) in the PRA Handbook

the *regulated activity*, specified in article 64 of the *Regulated Activities Order* (Agreeing to carry on specified kinds of activity), of agreeing to carry on an activity specified in Part II of that Order other than:

•••

(B) in the FCA Handbook

as in (A) with addition of:

the *regulated activity*, specified in article 64 of the *Regulated Activities Order* (Agreeing to carry on specified kinds of activity), of agreeing to carry on an activity specified in Part II of that Order other than:

	(f)
	(ff) acting as the depositary of an authorised contractual scheme;
authorised corporate director	the director of an <i>ICVC</i> who is the <i>authorised corporate director</i> of the <i>ICVC</i> in accordance with <u>under</u> <i>COLL</i> 6.5.3R (Appointment of an ACD) including, if relevant, an <i>EEA UCITS management company</i> or <i>incoming EEA AIFM</i> .
authorised fund manager	an ACD, an <i>authorised contractual scheme manager</i> or an <i>authorised unit trust manager</i> .

•••

authorisation order	an oi	der mad	le by the FCA:
	<u>(c)</u>		ion to an ACS under section 261D of the Act risation orders);
	beco	mes inco	which the <i>AUT</i> or <i>ACS</i> becomes authorised or the body orporated as an <i>ICVC</i> under regulation 3 of the <i>OEIC</i> (Open-ended investment company).
base capital resources requirement	<u>(1)</u>	<i>insurer</i> capital must he require Base ca case ma	t in IPRU (INV)) an amount of <i>capital resources</i> that an must hold as set out in <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.30R (Table: Base resources requirement for an insurer) or a <i>BIPRU firm</i> old under <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.41R (Base capital resources ment for a BIPRU firm) and <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.48R (Table: apital resources requirement for a BIPRU firm) or, as the ay be, <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.60R (Calculation of the base capital ces requirement for banks authorised before 1993).
	<u>(2)</u>	<u>portfol</u>	<i>EU(INV))</i> an amount of <i>own funds</i> that a <i>collective</i> <i>io management firm</i> must hold under <i>IPRU(INV)</i> R (Base capital resources requirement).
base currency	(1)	(in CO	LL) the currency specified:
			in the <i>trust deed</i> of an AUT as the base currency of the AUT; or
		<u>(c)</u>	in the <i>contractual scheme deed</i> of an ACS as the base currency of the ACS.
BIPRU 125k firm	BIPF	RU 125K	ing in <i>BIPRU</i> 1.1.19R (Types of investment firm: K firm) which in summary is a <i>BIPRU investment firm</i> the following conditions:
	(4)		ot a <i>UCITS investment firm <u>collective portfolio</u> g<u>ement investment firm;</u> and</i>
BIPRU 50k firm			ing in <i>BIPRU</i> 1.1.20R (Types of investment firm: firm) which in summary is a <i>BIPRU investment firm</i> that

satisfies the following conditions:

	(c)		ot a <i>UCITS investment firm <u>collective portfolio</u> g<u>ement investment firm;</u> and</i>
BIPRU 730k firm	BIPR that i	U 730K s not a U	ng in <i>BIPRU</i> 1.1.21R (Types of investment firm: firm) which in summary is a <i>BIPRU investment firm</i> <i>VCITS investment firm collective portfolio management</i> <u>m</u> , a <i>BIPRU 50K firm</i> or a <i>BIPRU 125K firm</i> .
BIPRU investment firm	inves		ng set out <i>BIPRU</i> 1.1.8R (Definition of a BIPRU rm), which is in summary one of the following types of
	<u>inves</u>	tment fir	<i>CITS investment firm <u>collective portfolio management</u> <u>m</u> that is not excluded under BIPRU 1.1.7R (Exclusion es of <i>firm</i> from the definition of <i>BIPRU firm</i>).</i>
branch			
	<u>(j)</u>	<u>(in rel</u>	ation to an AIFM)
		(i)	a place of business which is a part of an AIFM that has no legal personality and provides the services for which the AIFM has been authorised;
		(ii)	<u>under (i) all places of business established in the</u> <u>same <i>EEA State</i> by an <i>AIFM</i> with its registered office <u>in another <i>EEA State</i> shall be regarded as a single</u> <u>branch.</u></u>
		[Note:	: article 4(1)(c) of <i>AIFMD</i>]
class	(A)	In the	FCA Handbook <u>FCA Handbook</u> :
	(5)	levies	<i>ES</i>) one of the broad classes to which <i>FSCS</i> allocates as described in <i>FEES</i> 6.4.7AR, <i>FEES</i> 6.5.6AR and 6 Annex 3AR.
	(B)	In the	PRA Handbook PRA Handbook:

client money		
	(2A)	(in CASS 6, CASS 7, CASS 7A and CASS 10 and, in so far as it relates to matters covered by CASS 6, CASS 7, or COBS, <u>GENPRU or IPRU(INV) 11</u>) subject to the <i>client money rules</i> , <i>money</i> of any currency:
close links	(1)	(in relation to <i>MiFID business</i> or in <i>FUND</i>) a situation in which two or more persons are linked by:
		[Note: article 4(1)(31) of MiFID]
		A situation in which two or more persons are permanently linked to one and the same person by a control relationship is also to be regarded as constituting a close link between such persons.
		[Note: article 4(1)(31) of <i>MIFID</i> and article 4(1)(e) of <u>AIFMD</u>]
	•••	
collateral	(1)	(in <i>COLL</i> and <i>FUND</i>) any form of security, guarantee or indemnity provided by way of security for the discharge of any liability arising from a transaction.
competent authority		
	<u>(8)</u>	(in relation to an <i>AIF</i> for the purposes of <i>FUND</i>) the national authorities of an <i>EEA State</i> which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise <i>AIFs</i> .
	<u>(9)</u>	(in relation to an <i>AIFM</i>) a national authority in an <i>EEA State</i> which is empowered by law or regulation to supervise <i>AIFMs</i> .
control		
	(2A)	(in relation to a <i>management company</i> carrying on <i>collective portfolio management</i> <u>or an <i>AIFM</i></u>) control as defined in articles 1 and 2 of the Seventh Council Directive 83/349/EEC (The Seventh Company Law Directive).

	(1)	(ox cor	t in ID .
depositary	(1)	(c)	 (in relation to any other <i>unit trust scheme</i> other than an <u>AIF specified in (e)</u>) the <i>person</i> holding the property of the <i>scheme</i> on trust for the <i>participants</i>;
		<u>(cb)</u>	(in relation to an ACS which is a <i>co-ownership</i> scheme) the person who holds the property subject to the scheme or to whose order that property is held, as required by section 235A(3)(d) of the Act (Contractual schemes):
		(<u>cc</u>)	(in relation to an ACS which is a <i>limited partnership</i> scheme) the person who holds the property subject to the scheme or to whose order that property is held, and who has been appointed to be the person to whom the property subject to the scheme is entrusted for safekeeping, as required by section 235A(6)(e)(i) of the Act (Contractual schemes);
		(d)	(in relation to any other <i>collective investment scheme</i> <u>fund</u> other than an AIF specified in (e)) any person to whom the <u>fund</u> property subject to the scheme is entrusted for safekeeping:
		<u>(e)</u>	(for an <i>AIF</i> managed by a <i>full-scope UK AIFM</i> (other than an <i>AIF</i> which is an <i>ICVC</i> or an <i>AUT</i>)) the <i>person</i> fulfilling the function of a depositary under article 21(1) of <i>AIFMD</i> or, for a <i>non-EEA AIF</i> , under <i>FUND</i> 3.11.32R(1)(a) (AIFM of a non-EEA AIF).
	(2)	securi	a <i>person</i> that issues <i>certificates representing certain</i> <i>ties</i> that have been <i>admitted to listing</i> or are the subject application for <i>admission</i> to <u>to</u> listing.
designated investment business	-	ties Ora	lowing activities, specified in Part II of the <i>Regulated</i> <i>ler</i> (Specified Activities), which is carried on by way of
	(k)		

...

<u>(ka)</u>	acting as the depositary of an authorised contractual scheme
	(article 51(1)(bb));

- . . .
- agreeing to carry on a regulated activity in (a) to (h) and (m) (n) (article 64);
- [deleted] (0)
- (p) managing a UCITS;
- acting as trustee or depositary of a UCITS; <u>(q)</u>
- managing an AIF; (r)
- (s) acting as trustee or depositary of an AIF;
- establishing, operating or winding up a collective investment (t) scheme.

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(in accordance with paragraph 5 of Schedule 3 to the Act (EEA EEA firm Passport Rights)) any of the following, if it does not have its relevant office in the United Kingdom:

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. . .

(hh) an AIFM which is authorised (under article 8 of AIFMD) by its Home State regulator;

in this definition, relevant office means

. . .

. . .

establishing, the regulated activity, specified in article 51(1)(a) or 51ZE of the Regulated Activities Order (Establishing etc. a collective investment operating or winding scheme), of establishing, operating or winding up a *collective* up a collective investment scheme investment scheme. **Financial Services** the public record, as required by section 347 of the Act (The public record), regulation 4 of the Payment Services Regulations (The Register register of certain payment service providers) and regulation 4 of the *Electronic Money Regulations*, of every:

. . .

	(c)	
	<u>(ca)</u>	<u>ACS;</u>
fixed overheads requirement	<u>(1)</u>	(except in <i>IPRU (INV)</i>) the part of the <i>capital resources</i> <i>requirement</i> calculated in accordance with <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.53R (Calculation of the fixed overheads requirement).
	<u>(2)</u>	(in <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11) the part of the <i>own funds</i> requirement calculated in accordance with <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.3R (Fixed overheads requirement).
funds under management	<u>(1)</u>	(in UPRU and GENPRU)
		 (1) collective investment schemes other than OEICs (a) managed by the firm including schemes where it has delegated the management function but excluding schemes that it is managing as delegate; and
		 (2) OEICs for which the <i>firm</i> is the designated (b) management company.
	<u>(2)</u>	(in <i>IPRU(INV</i>) and <i>GENPRU</i>) funds managed by the firm, calculated as the sum of the absolute value of all assets of all funds managed by the firm, including assets acquired through leverage. Derivative instruments shall be converted into their equivalent positions in the underlying assets using the conversion methodologies in article 10 of the <i>AIFMD level 2</i> regulation and valued on that equivalent position. This includes funds where the firm has delegated the management function but excludes funds that it is managing as a delegate.
Home State		
	<u>(13)</u>	(in relation to an AIF) the EEA State in which:
		(a) the AIF is authorised or registered under applicable national law; or
		(b) if the <i>AIF</i> is neither authorised nor registered in an <i>EEA State</i> , the <i>EEA State</i> in which the <i>AIF</i> has its registered office and/or head office.

[Note: article 4(1)(p) of AIFMD]

	<u>(14)</u>	(in relation to an AIFM) the EEA State in which the AIFM has its registered office.
		[Note: article 4(1)(q) of AIFMD]
Host State		
	<u>(5)</u>	(in relation to an AIFM) means:
		(a) an <i>EEA state</i> , other than the <i>Home State</i> , in which an <i>EEA AIFM</i> or <i>UK AIFM</i> manages <i>EEA AIFs</i> or <i>UK AIFs</i> ; or
		(b) an <i>EEA state</i> , other than the <i>Home State</i> , in which an <i>EEA AIFM</i> or <i>UK AIFM markets units</i> or <i>shares</i> of an <i>EEA AIF</i> or <i>UK AIF</i> ;
		[Note: article 4(1)(r) of <i>AIFMD</i>]
initial capital		
	<u>(3A)</u>	(in <i>IPRU(INV</i>) 11) capital calculated under <i>IPRU(INV</i>) Table 11.4 (Method of calculating initial capital and own funds) composed of the specified items set out in that Table.
instrument constituting the scheme		
	(ba)	
	<u>(bb)</u>	(in relation to an ACS) the contractual scheme deed;
investment management firm	mana <i>permi</i> not ar	ect to <i>BIPRU</i> TP 1.3R (Revised definition of investment gement firm for certain transitional purposes)), a <i>firm</i> whose <i>itted activities</i> include <i>designated investment business</i> , which is a <i>authorised professional firm</i> , <i>bank</i> , <i>BIPRU investment firm</i> , <i>ing society</i> , <u>collective portfolio management firm</u> , credit union,

energy market participant, friendly society, ICVC, insurer, media firm, oil market participant, service company, incoming EEA firm incoming EEA firm (without a top-up permission), incoming Treaty firm (without a top-up permission), UCITS management company or UCITS qualifier (without a top-up permission), whose permission does not include a requirement that it comply with IPRU-INV 3 or IPRU-INV 13 (Personal investment firms) and which is within (a), (b) or (c):

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(c)	a <i>firm</i> :		
	(ii)		ich the most substantial part of its gross income erived from one or more of the following ies:
		(Ca)	managing an AIF;
		(D)	
		<u>(Da)</u>	acting as the authorised contractual scheme manager or depositary of an ACS;
		(Db)	acting as trustee or depositary of an AIF;
		(Dc)	acting as trustee or depositary of a UCITS;
		(E)	establishing, operating or winding up a collective investment scheme (other than an AUT, or ICVC or ACS);
(in rela	ation to	units):	
(1)			14) the issue of new <i>units</i> by the <i>trustee</i> of an <i>ositary</i> of an <i>ACS</i> or by an <i>ICVC</i> ;

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issue

issuer

(1) (except in LR, PR and DTR):

. . .

		(c) (in relation to an interest in a limited <i>partnership</i> <u>except</u> <u>for a <i>limited partnership scheme</i></u>) the <i>partnership</i> ;
liquidity risk	(1)	(in <i>COLL</i> and in accordance with for a <i>UCITS</i> and under article 3(8) of the <i>UCITS implementing Directive</i>) the risk that a position in a <i>UCITS</i> ' portfolio cannot be sold, liquidated or closed out at limited cost in an adequately short timeframe and that the ability of the <i>scheme</i> to comply at any time with <i>COLL</i> 6.2.16R (Sale and redemption) or, in the case of an <i>EEA UCITS scheme</i> , article 84(1) of the <i>UCITS Directive</i> is thereby compromised.
	(2)	(except in <i>COLL</i> for a <i>UCITS</i>) the risk that a <i>firm</i> , although solvent, either does not have available sufficient financial resources to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due, or can secure such resources only at excessive cost.
manager	(1)	(in relation to an <i>AUT</i>) the <i>firm</i> , including, if relevant an <i>EEA</i> <i>UCITS management company</i> <u>or <i>incoming EEA AIFM</i></u> , which is the manager of the <i>AUT</i> in accordance with the <i>trust deed</i> .
	(1A)	(in relation to an <i>OEIC</i> which is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities within the meaning of <u>under</u> the <i>UCITS Directive</i> or an <i>AIF</i> , and which has appointed a <i>person</i> to manage the scheme) the <i>person</i> appointed to manage the scheme.
management company	(in accordance with article 2(1)(b) of the UCITS Directive) a company, the regular business of which is the management of UCITS in the form of unit trusts, common funds <u>(including authorised contractual schemes)</u> or investment companies (collective portfolio management), including, where permitted by its Home State regulator, the additional services referred to in article 6(3) of that directive.	
market risk	(1)	(in COLL and in accordance with article 3(9) of the UCITS implementing Directive and FUND) the risk of loss of a

		of position of position of position of position of the positio	<u><i>r AIF</i></u> resulting from fluctuation in the market value ons in the <i>scheme's fund's</i> portfolio attributable to in market variables, such as interest rates, foreign e rates, equity and commodity prices or an issuer's orthiness.
	(2)	that arise	n <i>COLL</i> and <i>FUND</i>) (in relation to a <i>firm</i>) the risks from fluctuations in values of, or income from, in interest or exchange rates.
MiFID investment firm	purpo	ses only, a	<i>firm</i> to which <i>MiFID</i> applies including, for some credit institution and <i>UCITS investment firm lio management investment firm</i> .
	(in fu	l) a <i>firm</i> w	which is:
operational risk	(1)	<i>implemen</i> <i>UCITS</i> <u>o</u> and failu <i>managen</i> includes the tradin	L and in accordance with article 3(10) of the UCITS <i>nting Directive</i> and FUND) the risk of loss for a <u>r AIF</u> resulting from inadequate internal processes res in relation to the people and systems of the <i>nent company</i> or AIFM or from external events, and it legal and documentation risk and risk resulting from ng, settlement and valuation procedures operated on T the scheme fund.
	(2)	4(22) of resulting	n <i>COLL</i> and <i>FUND</i>) (in accordance with Article the <i>Banking Consolidation Directive</i>) the risk of loss from inadequate or failed internal processes, people ems or from external events, including legal risk.
operator	(1)	(except i	n <i>EG</i>):
		(a)	
			n relation to an ACS) the authorised contractual cheme manager;
		(c)	
		th th m	n relation to any other <i>collective investment scheme</i> hat is a contractual scheme) any <i>person</i> who, under the constituent instrument, is responsible for the hanagement of the property held for or within the scheme.

overseas person		cordance with article 3(1) of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> pretation)) a <i>person</i> who:
	(a)	carries on any of the following regulated activities:
		(xiii)
		(xiiia) <i>acting as the depositary of an authorised contractual scheme</i> ;
own funds		
	<u>(2A)</u>	(in <i>IPRU(INV</i>) 11) the own funds of a <i>firm</i> calculated under <i>IPRU(INV</i>) Table 11.4 (Method of calculating initial capital and own funds).
participant firm	(1)	(except in <i>FEES</i> 1 and <i>FEES</i> 6) a <i>firm</i> or a <i>member</i> other than:
		(a)
		(vi) an AIFM managing an unauthorised AIF or providing the services in article 6(4) of AIFMD;
		(k) an AIFM qualifier.
personal investment firm	firm f activit autho societ union partic insure partic	ect to <i>BIPRU</i> TP 1 (Revised definition of personal investment for certain transitional purposes)) a <i>firm</i> whose <i>permitted</i> <i>ties</i> include <i>designated investment business</i> , which is not an <i>rised professional firm, bank, BIPRU investment firm</i> , building <i>y building society, collective portfolio management firm,</i> credit <i>credit union,</i> energy market participant <u>energy market</u> <i>ipant,</i> friendly society friendly society, ICVC ICVC, insurer <i>er,</i> media firm <u>media firm</u> , oil market participant <u>oil market</u> <i>ipant,</i> service company <u>service company</u> , incoming <i>EEA firm</i> <i>ting EEA firm</i> (without a <i>top-up permission</i>), <i>incoming Treaty</i>

	UCIT does (Secu	without a <i>top-up permission</i>), <i>UCITS management company</i> or <i>CS qualifier</i> (without a <i>top-up permission</i>), whose <i>permission</i> not include a <i>requirement</i> that it comply with <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 3 rities and futures firms) or 5 (Investment management firms), which is within (a), (b) or (c):	
proprietary trading	(in <i>SUP</i> 10 <u>A</u> (Approved Persons) and <i>APER</i>) <i>dealing in investments as principal</i> as part of a business of trading in <i>specified investments</i> . For these purposes <i>dealing in investments as principal</i> includes any activities that would be included but for the exclusion in Article 15 (Absence of holding out). OF Article 16 (Dealing in contractually based investments) or, for a <i>UK AIFM</i> or <i>UK UCITS management company</i> , Article 72AA (Managers of UCITS and AIFs) of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> .		
prospectus	(1)	(in <i>LR</i> , <i>PR</i> , and <i>FEES</i> and <i>FUND</i> 3 (Requirements for managers of alternative investment funds)) a prospectus required under the <i>prospectus directive</i> .	
redemption	(1)		
	(2)	(in <i>EG 14</i> (Collective investment schemes)) redemption as in (1) but including their cancellation by:	
		(a) the <i>trustee</i> of an AUT;	
		(b) the <i>depositary</i> of an <i>ACS</i> ; or by	
		(c) an <i>ICVC</i> .	
regulated collective investment scheme			
	(b)		
	<u>(ba)</u>	an ACS; or	
	1 1.		

securities and futures (subject to BIPRU TP 1 (Revised definition of securities and futures

firm	activit emissi bank, f commo <u>firm, c</u> service incomu manag permis comply (Perso	by certain transitional purposes)) a firm whose permitted ties include designated investment business or bidding in tons auctions, which is not an authorised professional firm, BIPRU investment firm (unless it is an exempt BIPRU bodities firm), building society, <u>collective portfolio management</u> redit union, friendly society, ICVC, insurer, media firm, e company, incoming EEA firm (without a top-up permission), ing Treaty firm (without a top-up permission), <i>UCHTS</i> <i>ement company</i> or UCITS qualifier (without a top-up tission), whose permission does not include a requirement that it y with IPRU(INV) 5 (Investment management firms) or 13 nal investment firms), and which is within (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (h):
Single Market Directives		
	(d)	the Insurance Mediation Directive; and
	(e)	the UCITS Directive; and
	<u>(f)</u>	<u>AIFMD</u> .
sub-fund		
	(b)	(in relation to a <i>collective investment scheme fund</i> that is not an <i>authorised fund</i> or an <i>EEA UCITS scheme</i>) any part of that scheme that is equivalent to (a).
top-up cover	incomi interm investr relatio the abs	provided by the <i>compensation scheme</i> for <i>claims</i> against an ing EEA firm (which is a <i>credit institution</i> , an <i>IMD insurance</i> <i>ediary</i> , an <i>IMD reinsurance intermediary</i> or , a <i>MiFID</i> <i>ment firm</i> , or a <i>UCITS management company</i> <u>or an <i>AIFM</i></u>) in n to the <i>firm's passported activities</i> and in addition to, or due to sence of, the cover provided by the <i>firm's Home State</i> msation scheme (see <i>COMP</i> 14 (Participation by EEA firms)).
trading book		
	(2)	(in <i>BIPRU</i> , <i>GENPRU</i> and, <i>BSOCS</i> and <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11 and in relation to a <i>BIPRU firm</i>) has the meaning in <i>BIPRU</i> 1.2 (Definition of the trading book) which is in summary, all that <i>firm's positions</i> in <i>CRD financial instruments</i> and <i>commodities</i> held either with trading intent or in order to

hedge other elements of the *trading book*, and which are either free of any restrictive covenants on their tradability or able to be hedged.

	•••	
UCITS firm	a firm	which:
	(a)	is a <i>management company</i> , including where in addition the <i>firm</i> is also the <i>operator</i> of a <i>collective investment scheme</i> which is not a <i>UCITS scheme</i> an <i>AIFM</i> ; and
	(b)	does not have a <i>Part 4A permission</i> (or an equivalent permission from its <i>Home State regulator</i>) to carry on any <i>regulated activities</i> other than those which are in connection with, or for the purpose of, such schemes managing <i>AIFs</i> or <u>UCITS</u> .
unit	<u>(1)</u>	(for collective investment schemes) the investment, specified in article 81 of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> (Units in a collective investment scheme) and defined in section 237(2) of the <i>Act</i> (Other definitions)), which is the right or interest (however described) of the <i>participants</i> in a collective investment scheme; this includes:
		(a)
		(aa) (in relation to an ACS) a unit representing the rights or interests of the <i>unitholders</i> in the ACS; and
		(b) (in relation to an <i>ICVC</i>) a <i>share</i> in the <i>ICVC</i> ; and
	<u>(2)</u>	(for an <i>alternative investment fund</i>) the right or interest (however described) of an investor in an <i>alternative</i> <i>investment fund</i> .
unit trust scheme	(as defined in section 237(1) of the <i>Act</i> (Other definitions)) a <i>collective investment scheme</i> under which the property in question is held on trust for the <i>participants</i> , except that it does not include an <i>authorised contractual scheme</i> .	
waiver	regula	ction waiving or modifying a <i>rule</i> , given by the <i>appropriate</i> <i>ator</i> under section 138A of the <i>Act</i> (Modification or waiver of or by the <i>FCA</i> under sections 250, 261L or 294 of the <i>Act</i>

(Modification or waiver of rules) or regulation 7 of the *OEIC Regulations* (see *SUP* 8 and *REC* 3.3).

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Annex C

Amendments to the Principles for Businesses (PRIN)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

1.1 Application and purpose

Application

1.1.1 G The *Principles* (see *PRIN* 2) apply in whole or in part to every *firm*. The application of the *Principles* is modified for *firms* conducting *MiFID business*, *incoming EEA firms*, *incoming Treaty firms*, and *UCITS qualifiers* and *AIFM qualifiers*. *PRIN* 3 (Rules about application) specifies to whom, to what and where the *Principles* apply.

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3 Rules about application

3.1 Who?

- 3.1.1 R *PRIN* applies to every *firm*, except that:
 - •••
 - (4) for a UCITS qualifier and AIFM qualifier, only Principles 1, 2, 3, 7, and 9 apply, and only with respect to the activities in PRIN 3.2.2R (Communication and approval of financial promotions);
 - • •

Annex D

Amendments to the Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls sourcebook (SYSC)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking thorough indicates deleted text.

1 Annex 1 Detailed application of SYSC

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Part 3		Tables summarising the application of the common platform requirements to different types of firm			
3.1	G	The <i>common platform requirements</i> apply in the following three <u>four</u> ways (subject to the provisions in Part 2 of this Annex).			
<u>3.2B</u>	<u>R</u>	For a <i>full-scope UK AIFM</i> of an <i>authorised AIF</i> , they apply under Column $A++$ in the table below.			
3.3	G	For all other <i>firms</i> apart from <i>insurers</i> , <i>managing agents</i> , and the <i>Society</i> <u>and <i>full-scope UK AIFMs</i> of <i>unauthorised AIFs</i></u> , they apply in accordance with Column B in the table below. For these firms, where a <i>rule</i> is shown modified in Column B as 'Guidance', it should be read as <i>guidance</i> (as it "should" appeared in that rule instead if "must") and should be applied in a proportionate manner, taking into account the nature, scale and complexity of the firm's business.			
•••					

Provision SYSC 4	COLUMN A Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	COLUMN A+ Application to a UCITS management company	COLUMN A++ Application to a full-scope UK <u>AIFM of an</u> authorised AIF	COLUMN B Application to all other firms apart from insurers, managing agents and -the Society <u>, and full-scope UK AIFMs of unauthorised <u>AIFs</u></u>
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.1R	Rule but <i>SYSC</i> 4.1.1R(2) applies only to a <i>BIPRU</i> <i>firm</i> <u>and <i>SYSC</i></u> <u>4.1.1R(3) applies</u> <u>only to a <i>full</i>- <u>scope UK AIFM</u></u>	Rule but <i>SYSC</i> 4.1.1R(2) applies only to a <i>BIPRU</i> <i>firm</i> <u>and <i>SYSC</i></u> <u>4.1.1R(3) applies</u> <u>only to a <i>full</i>- <i>scope UK AIFM</i></u>	Rule but SYSC <u>4.1.1R(2)</u> applies only to a <u>BIPRU firm and</u> <u>SYSC 4.1.1R(3)</u> applies only to a <u>full-scope UK</u> <u>AIFM</u>	Rule but <i>SYSC</i> 4.1.1R(2) applies only to a <i>third country</i> <i>BIPRU firm</i> <u>and <i>SYSC</i> 4.1.1R(3) applies only to a <i>full-scope</i></u>

				<u>UK AIFM</u>
<u>SYSC 4.1.1AR</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Rule	Not applicable
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.2R			Rule	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.2AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.2BR			<u>Rule</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.2CR			<u>Rule</u>	
<u>SYSC 4.1.2DR</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	<u>Rule</u>	Not applicable
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.3R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.4R			Not applicable	
SYSC 4.1.4AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.5R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.6R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.7R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.7AG			Not applicable	
SYSC 4.1.8G			Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.9R			Not applicable	
SYSC 4.1.10R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.1.10AG			Not applicable	
SYSC 4.1.11G			Guidance	
SYSC 4.1.13G			Guidance	
SYSC 4.1.14G			Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.2.1R			Rule	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.2.1AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.2.2R			Rule	
SYSC 4.2.3G - SYSC 4.2.5G			Guidance	

<i>SYSC</i> 4.2.6R			Not applicable	
<u>SYSC 4.2.7R</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Rule	Not applicable
<u>SYSC 4.2.8R</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Rule	Not applicable
<u>SYSC 4.2.9G</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	<u>Guidance</u>	Not applicable
<i>SYSC</i> 4.3.1R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.3.2R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.3.2AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.3.3G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.4.1R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.4.2G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.4.3R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.4.4G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.4.5R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 4.4.6G			Not applicable	

Provision SYSC 5	COLUMN A Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	COLUMN A+ Application to a UCITS management company	COLUMN A++ Application to a full-scope UK AIFM of an authorised AIF	COLUMN B Application to all other firms apart from insurers, managing agents and the Society <u>, and full-scope UK AIFMs of unauthorised <u>AIFs</u></u>
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.1R			Not applicable	
SYSC 5.1.2G			<u>Guidance</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.3G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.4G			Guidance	

	1		
SYSC 5.1.4AG	 	<u>Guidance</u>	
SYSC 5.1.5G	 	<u>Guidance</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.5AG	 	Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.6R	 	Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.7R	 	<u>Guidance</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.7AG	 	<u>Guidance</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.8G	 	<u>Guidance</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.9G	 	<u>Guidance</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.10G	 	Guidance, but not applicable for the segregation of risk management functions	
SYSC 5.1.11G	 	<u>Guidance</u>	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.12R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.12AG	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.13R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 5.1.14R	 	Not applicable	
SYSC 5.1.15G	 	Not applicable	

Provision	COLUMN A	COLUMN A+	COLUMN A++	COLUMN B
SYSC 6	Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	Application to a UCITS management company	<u>Application to</u> <u>a full-scope UK</u> <u>AIFM of an</u> <u>authorised AIF</u>	Application to all other firms apart from insurers, managing agents <u>, and</u> the Society <u>and full-scope</u> <u>UK AIFMs of</u> <u>unauthorised</u>

				AIFs
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.1R			Rule but only regarding the obligation to establish, implement and maintain adequate policies and procedures for countering the risk that the firm (including its managers and employees) might be used to further financial crime	
<u>SYSC 6.1.1AG</u>	Guidance	Guidance	Guidance	Guidance
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.2R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.2AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.3R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.3AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.4R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.4AG			Rule	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.4AR			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.5R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.1.6G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.2.1R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.2.1AG			Not applicable	
SYSC 6.2.2G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.3.1R			Rule	
SYSC 6.3.2G			Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.3.3R			Rule	

<i>SYSC</i> 6.3.4G			Guidance	
SYSC 6.3.5G			Guidance	
SYSC 6.3.6G			Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.3.7G			Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.3.8R			Rule	
<i>SYSC</i> 6.3.9R			Rule	
SYSC 6.3.10G			Guidance	
<u>SYSC 6.3.11G</u>	Guidance	Guidance	Guidance	Guidance

Provision SYSC 7	COLUMN A Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	COLUMN A+ Application to a UCITS management company	COLUMN A++ Application to a full-scope UK AIFM of an authorised AIF	COLUMN B Application to all other firms apart from insurers, managing agents <u>and</u> the Society <u>a</u> and full-scope <u>UK AIFMs of</u> <u>unauthorised</u> <u>AIFs</u>
SYSC 7.1.1G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.2R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.2AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.2BG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.3R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.4R			Not applicable	
SYSC 7.1.4AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.4BG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.5R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.6R			Not applicable	

<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.7R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.7AG	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.7BG	 	Guidance.	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.7CG	 	Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.8G(1), (2)	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.9R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.10R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.11R	 	Not applicable	
SYSC 7.1.12G	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 7.1.13R - 7.1.16R	 	Not applicable	

Provision SYSC 8	COLUMN A Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	COLUMN A+ Application to a UCITS management company	COLUMN A++ Application to a full-scope UK AIFM of an authorised AIF	COLUMN B Application to all other firms apart from insurers, managing agents <u>and</u> the Society <u>and full-scope</u> <u>UK AIFMs of</u> <u>unauthorised</u> <u>AIFs</u>
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.1R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.1AG			Not applicable	
SYSC 8.1.2G			Not applicable	
SYSC 8.1.3G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.4R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.5R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.5AG			Not applicable	

SYSC 8.1.6R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.7R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.8R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.9R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.10R	 	Not applicable	
SYSC 8.1.11R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.11AG	 	Not applicable	
SYSC 8.1.12G	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.1.13R	 	Not applicable	
SYSC 8.1.14G	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.2	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 8.3	 	Not applicable	

Provision SYSC 9	COLUMN A Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	COLUMN A+ Application to a UCITS management company	COLUMN A++ Application to a full-scope UK <u>AIFM of an</u> authorised AIF	COLUMN B Application to all other firms apart from insurers, managing agents <u>, and</u> the Society <u>,</u> <u>and full-scope</u> <u>UK AIFMs of</u> <u>unauthorised</u> <u>AIFs</u>
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.1R			Rule but only for the requirement for orderly records of its business and internal organisation which do not relate to portfolio	

		transactions and subscription and redemptions orders	
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2R	 	Rule but only for records specified by the modified application of SYSC 9.1.1R	
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.3R	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.4G	 	Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.5G	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.6G	 	Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.7G	 	Not applicable	

Provision SYSC 10	Column A Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	COLUMN A+ Application to a UCITS management company	COLUMN A++ Application to <u>a full-scope UK</u> <u>AIFM of an</u> <u>authorised AIF</u>	Column B Application to all other firms apart from insurers, managing agents <u>and</u> the Society <u>and</u> <u>UK AIFMs of</u> <u>unauthorised</u> <u>AIFs</u>
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.1R			<u>Rule</u>	
SYSC 10.1.2G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.3R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.4R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.4AG			Not applicable	
SYSC 10.1.5G			Not applicable	

<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.6R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.6AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.7R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.8R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.8AR			Not applicable	
SYSC 10.1.9G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.10R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.11R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.11AG			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.12G - <i>SYSC</i> 10.1.15G			<u>Guidance for</u> <u>SYSC 10.1.12G;</u> <u>not applicable</u> <u>for SYSC</u> <u>10.1.13G –</u> <u>SYSC 10.1.15G</u>	
SYSC 10.1.16R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.17R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.18G			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.19R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.20R			Not applicable	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1.21R			Not applicable	
<u>SYSC 10.1.22R</u>	Not applicable	Rule	Rule	Not applicable
<u>SYSC 10.1.23R</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Rule	Not applicable
<u>SYSC 10.1.24R</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Rule	Not applicable
<u>SYSC 10.1.25R</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Rule	Not applicable
<u>SYSC 10.1.26R</u>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Rule	Not applicable

<i>SYSC</i> 10.2.1R	 	Rule	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.2.2R	 	Rule	
SYSC 10.2.3G	 	Guidance	
<i>SYSC</i> 10.2.4R	 	Rule	
SYSC 10.2.5G	 	Guidance	

• • •

4.1.2 R For a *common platform firm*, the arrangements, processes and mechanisms referred to in *SYSC* 4.1.1R must be comprehensive and proportionate to the nature, scale and complexity of the *common platform firm's* activities and must take into account the specific technical criteria described in *SYSC* 4.1.7R, *SYSC* 5.1.7R, *SYSC* 7 and (for a *BIPRU firm* and a *third country BIPRU firm*) *SYSC* 19A, or (for a *full-scope UK AIFM*) *SYSC* 19B.

. . .

R The senior personnel of a common platform firm, a management company, <u>a</u> <u>full-scope UK AIFM</u>, or of the UK branch of a non-EEA bank must be of sufficiently good repute and sufficiently experienced as to ensure the sound and prudent management of the *firm*.

[Note: article 9(1) of *MiFID*, article 7(1)(b) of the *UCITS Directive*, article 8(1)(c) <u>of *AIFMD*</u> and article 11(1) second paragraph of the *Banking Consolidation Directive*]

• • •

4.2.2 R A common platform firm, a management company, a full-scope UK AIFM and the UK branch of a non-EEA bank must ensure that its management is undertaken by at least two persons meeting the requirements laid down in SYSC 4.2.1R and, for a full-scope UK AIFM, SYSC 4.2.7R.

[Note: article 9(4) first paragraph of *MiFID*, article 7(1)(b) of the *UCITS Directive*, article 8(1)(c) of *AIFMD* and article 11(1) first paragraph of the *Banking Consolidation Directive*]

•••

4.2.4 G At least two independent minds should be applied to both the formulation and implementation of the policies of a *common platform firm*, a *management company<u>, a full-scope UK AIFM</u>* and the UK branch of a *non-EEA bank*. Where such a *firm* nominates just two individuals to direct its business, the *appropriate regulator* will not regard them as both effectively directing the business where one of them makes some, albeit significant, decisions relating to only a few aspects of the business. Each should play a part in the decision-making process on all significant decisions. Both should demonstrate the

qualities and application to influence strategy, day-to-day policy and its implementation. This does not require their day-to-day involvement in the execution and implementation of policy. It does, however, require involvement in strategy and general direction, as well as knowledge of, and influence on, the way in which strategy is being implemented through day-today policy.

4.2.5 G Where there are more than two individuals directing the business of a *common platform firm*, a *management company*, a *full-scope UK AIFM* or the *UK* branch of a *non-EEA bank*, the *appropriate regulator* does not regard it as necessary for all of these individuals to be involved in all decisions relating to the determination of strategy and general direction. However, at least two individuals should be involved in all such decisions. Both individuals' judgement should be engaged so that major errors leading to difficulties for the *firm* are less likely to occur. Similarly, each individual should have sufficient experience and knowledge of the business and the necessary personal qualities and skills to detect and resist any imprudence, dishonesty or other irregularities by the other individual. Where a single individual, whether a chief executive, managing *director* or otherwise, is particularly dominant in such a *firm* this will raise doubts about whether *SYSC* 4.2.2R is met.

- . . .
- 4.2.6 R If a *common platform firm*, (other than a credit institution or <u>AIFM investment</u> <u>firm</u>) or the UK branch of a *non-EEA bank*, is:
 - (1) a natural person; or
 - (2) a legal person managed by a single natural person

it must have alternative arrangements in place which ensure sound and prudent management of the firm.

• • •

21.1 Risk control: guidance on governance arrangements

Additional guidance on governance arrangements

- 21.1.1 G (1) This chapter provides additional guidance on risk-centric governance arrangements for effective risk management. It expands upon the general organisational requirements in *SYSC* 2, *SYSC* 3, *SYSC* 4, and *SYSC* 7 and *FUND* 3.7, and so applies to the same extent as *SYSC* 3.1.1R (for *insurers, managing agents* and the *Society*), and *SYSC* 4.1.1R (for every other *firm*) and *FUND* 3.7 (for a *full-scope UK AIFM* of an *authorised* <u>AIF</u>).
 - (2) *Firms* should, taking account of their size, nature and complexity, consider whether in order to fulfil the general organisational requirements in *SYSC* 2, *SYSC* 3, *SYSC* 4, and

SYSC 7 and (for a *full-scope UK AIFM* of an *authorised AIF*) *FUND* 3.7 their risk control arrangements should include:

...

Annex E

Amendments to the Fees manual (FEES)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking thorough indicates deleted text.

1.1	Application and Purpose			urpose
	App	lication		
1.1.2	R	The	nanual	applies in the following way:
		(1)		
		(2)	FEE.	S 1, 2 and 4 apply to:
			(a)	every firm (except an <u>AIFM qualifier</u> , ICVC or UCITS qualifier);
			(b)	every <i>manager <u>authorised fund manager</u> of an</i> authorised unit trust <u>unit trust or authorised</u> <u>contractual scheme;</u>
			(k)	every fee-paying electronic money issuer; and
			(1)	every issuer of a regulated covered bond; and
			<u>(m)</u>	every <i>person</i> making a notification to the <i>FCA</i> under regulation 57, 58 and 59 of the <i>AIFMD UK regulation</i> .
3.2.5	G	(1)	part of Part unde Mona <u>AIFM</u> by th appro 3.2.1	appropriate authorisation or registration fee is an integral of an application for, or an application for a variation of, a <i>4A permission</i> , or authorisation, registration or variation r the <i>Payment Services Regulations</i> or the <i>Electronic</i> <i>ey Regulations</i> , or notification or registration under the <u><i>AD UK regulation</i></u> . Any application <u>or notification</u> received <i>e appropriate regulator</i> without the accompanying opriate fee, in full and without deduction (see <i>FEES</i> R), will not be treated as an application <u>or notification</u> <i>e</i> , incomplete or otherwise, in accordance with section

regulation 5(3) or 12(3) of the *Payment Services Regulations* or regulation 5 or 12 of the *Electronic Money Regulations* or

55U(4), or section 55H or 55I (as the case may be), of the Act or

regulation 11(1) and 60 (a) of the *AIFMD UK regulation*. Where this is the case, the *appropriate regulator* will contact the applicant to point out that the application cannot be progressed until the appropriate fee has been received. In the event that the appropriate authorisation fee, in full and without deduction, is not forthcoming, the application will be returned to the applicant and no application will have been made.

• • •

3 Annex Authorisation fees payable 1R

	Moderately complex cases		
Activity grouping	Description		
A.7	Fund managers Portfolio managers		
A.9	Operators, trustees and depositories of collective investment schemes, operators of personal pensions schemes and operators of stakeholder pension schemesManagers and depositaries of investment funds, and operators of collective investment schemes or pension 		

...

4.2 **Obligation to pay periodic fees**

. . .

Modifications for persons becoming subject to periodic fees during the course of a fee year

4.2.6 R (1) ...

- (a) *firms* (other than <u>AIFM qualifiers</u>, *ICVCs* and *UCITS qualifiers*) in accordance with *FEES* 4.2.7R and *FEES* 4.2.8R;
- 4.2.7 R A *firm* (other than an <u>AIFM qualifier</u>, *ICVC* or *UCITS qualifier*) which becomes authorised or registered, or whose *permission* and/or *payment*

. . .

service activities are extended, during the course of the *fee year* must pay a fee which is calculated by:

...

. . .

4.3 Periodic fee payable by firms (other than <u>AIFM qualifiers</u>, ICVCs and UCITS qualifiers)

4.3.1 R

...

The periodic fee payable by a *firm* (except an <u>AIFM qualifier</u>, *ICVC* or a *UCITS qualifier*) is:

Annex F

Amendments to the General Prudential sourcebook (GENPRU)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking though indicates deleted text.

1.2 Adequacy of financial resources

- •••
- 1.2.11 G The adequacy of a *firm's* financial resources needs to be assessed in relation to all the activities of the *firm* and the risks to which they give rise and so this section applies to a *firm* in relation to the whole of its business. In the case of a UCITS investment firm <u>collective portfolio management investment</u> <u>firm</u> this means that this section is not limited to <u>designated investment</u> <u>business</u> excluding scheme management activity. It also applies to <u>scheme</u> management activity and to activities that are not <u>designated investment</u> <u>business</u> its activities in relation to the management of AIFs and/or UCITS.
- •••

2.1 Calculation of capital resources requirement

- ...
- 2.1.8 G ...
 - In the case of a UCITS investment firm a collective portfolio management investment firm this section implements article 9 of <u>AIFMD and</u> (in part) Article 7 of the UCITS Directive.

. . .

Calculation of the variable capital requirement for a BIPRU firm

2.1.45 R Table: Calculation of the variable capital requirement for a BIPRU firm This table belongs to *GENPRU* 2.1.40R

Firm category	Capital requirement			
BIPRU limited	the higher of (1) and (2):			
licence firm (including UCITS	(1)) The sum of:		
investment firm <u>collective portfolio</u>		(a)	the credit risk capital requirement; and	
<u>management</u>		(b)	the market risk capital requirement; and	

<u>investment firm</u>) (2	!)	the fixed overheads requirement.
-----------------------------	----	----------------------------------

• • •

Table: Base capital resources requirement for a BIPRU firm

2.1.48 R This table belongs to *GENPRU* 2.1.47R

Firm category	Amount: Currency equivalent of
UCITS investment firm Collective portfolio management investment firm	€125,000 plus, if the <i>funds under management</i> exceed €250,000,000, 0.02% of the excess, subject to a maximum of €10,000,000 .

•••

Annex G

Amendments to Prudential sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms (BIPRU)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking thorough indicates deleted text.

1.1	Application
-----	-------------

- . . .
- G In the main *BIPRU* only applies to a *UCITS investment firm* collective 1.1.3 portfolio management investment firm in respect of designated investment business (excluding scheme management activity managing an AIF and managing a UCITS). However BIPRU 2.2 (Internal capital adequacy standards), BIPRU 2.3 (Interest rate risk in the non-trading book), BIPRU 8 (Group risk - consolidation) and BIPRU 11 (Disclosure)
- . . .

1.1.8	R	A <i>firm</i> falling within <i>BIPRU</i> 1.1.6R(3) to <i>BIPRU</i> 1.1.6R(5) is a <i>BIPRU</i>
		investment firm. A BIPRU investment firm includes a UCITS investment
		<i>firm <u>collective portfolio management</u> investment firm</i> that is not
		excluded under BIPRU 1.1.7R.

. . .

Alternative classification of BIPRU investment firms

apply to the whole of its business.

- 1.1.18 R BIPRU investment firm are divided into the following classes for the purposes of the calculation of the base capital resources requirement and for the purpose of any other provision of the Handbook that applies this classification:
 - (1) a UCITS investment firm collective portfolio management investment firm;

Types of investment firm: BIPRU 125K firm

- 1.1.19 A BIPRU 125K firm means a BIPRU investment firm that satisfies the R following conditions:
 - . . .

. . .

it is not a UCITS investment firm collective portfolio management (4) investment firm; and;

. . . Types of investment firm: BIPRU 50K firm 1.1.20 R A BIPRU 50K firm means a BIPRU investment firm that satisfies the following conditions: . . . it is not a UCITS investment firm collective portfolio management (3) investment firm; and . . . Types of investment firm: 730K firm 1.1.21 R A BIPRU investment firm that is not a UCITS investment firm collective portfolio management investment firm, a BIPRU 50K firm or a BIPRU 125K firm is a BIPRU 730K firm. A BIPRU investment firm that operates a multilateral trading facility is a BIPRU 730k firm. . . . 8.5 **Basis of consolidation** Basis of inclusion of UCITS investment firms collective portfolio management investment firms in consolidation 8.5.7 R GENPRU 2.1.46R (Adjustment of the variable capital requirement calculation for UCITS investment firms collective portfolio management investment firms) does not apply for the purpose of this chapter. 8.5.8 G In general a UCITS investment firm collective portfolio management investment firm only calculates its capital and concentration risk requirements in relation to its designated investment business and does not calculate them with respect to scheme management activity managing an AIF or managing a UCITS. The effect of BIPRU 8.5.7R is that this does not apply on a consolidated basis. For the purpose of this chapter the calculations are carried out with respect to the whole of the activities of a UCITS investment firm collective portfolio management investment firm.

• • •

Annex H

Amendments to the Interim Prudential sourcebook for Friendly Societies (IPRU (FSOC))

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text.

7 Chapter 7: Definitions

Part 1 DEFINITIONS

7.1 In this Part of the *IPRU(FSOC)*, unless the contrary intention appears, the following definitions apply -

. . .

issuer in respect of a *collective investment scheme* means the manager or operator of the scheme and in respect of an interest in a limited partnership <u>(other than a limited partnership scheme)</u> means the partnership;

...

Annex I

Amendments to the Interim Prudential sourcebook for Investment Business (IPRU(INV))

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and strike through indicates deleted text.

Chapter 1: Application and General Provisions

- ...
- 1.2.1 R The *Glossary* applies to the transitional provisions, this chapter (*IPRU(INV*) 1), *IPRU(INV*) 2, *IPRU(INV*) 4, *IPRU(INV*) 6, *IPRU(INV*) 11 and *IPRU(INV*) 13.
- 1.2.2 R (1) *IPRU(INV)* applies to:

. . .

- (i) a *credit union* which is a *CFT provider*; and
- (j) an exempt CAD firm<u>; and</u>
- (k) <u>a collective portfolio management firm.</u>
- ...
- 1.2.3 G For the avoidance of doubt, *IPRU(INV)* does not apply to any of the following:
 - ...
 - (g) a UCITS qualifier; or
 - (h) a UCITS management company.

• • •

1.2.5 R Table

This table belongs to IPRU(INV) 1.2.4R

...

Service companyChapters 1 and 6Collective portfolio management firmChapters 1 and 11Personal investment firmChapters 1 and 13

...

Annex J

Amendments to the Supervision manual (SUP)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

6.1 Application, interpretation and purpose

Application

6.1.2 G If appropriate, a *firm* which is an *authorised fund manager* should also refer to *COLL* 7 for *guidance* on the termination of *ICVCs*, <u>ACSs</u> and AUTs and on winding up *authorised funds* that are not commercially viable.

• • •

13.3 Establishing a branch in another EEA State

• • •

The conditions for establishing a branch

13.3.2 G A UK firm other than a UK pure reinsurer cannot establish a branch in another EEA State for the first time under an EEA right unless the relevant conditions in paragraphs paragraph 19(2), (4) and (5) of Part III of Schedule 3 to the Act are satisfied. It is an offence for a UK firm which is not an authorised person to contravene this prohibition (paragraph 21 of Part III of Schedule 3 to the Act). These conditions are that:

...

- (2A) If the *UK firm's EEA right* relates to providing *collective portfolio management services* <u>under the *UCITS Directive*</u>, the *FCA* has provided to the *Host State regulator*:
- (3) ...

. . .

. . .

(b) in any other case (except for a *firm* passporting under *AIFMD*):

. . .

Issue of a consent notice to the Host State regulator

- 13.3.5 G ...
 - (1B) Where the UK firm's EEA right derives from AIFMD, the FCA will give the Host State regulator a consent notice within two months of

having received the *notice of intention* and immediately inform the *UK firm* pursuant to *SUP* 13.3.6G if the *FCA* is satisfied that the *firm* complies, and continues to comply with:

- (a) the provisions implementing the AIFMD, and
- (b) any directly applicable EU regulation made under that directive.
- 13.3.6 G

. . .

. . .

- (4) Where a *consent notice* is given under the *AIFMD* it must include confirmation that the *UK firm* has been *authorised* by the *FCA* under *AIFMD*.
- • •
- 13.3.7 G ...
 - (2) If the *appropriate UK regulator* decides to refuse to give a *consent notice*, then paragraph 19(12) of Part III of Schedule 3 to the *Act* requires the *appropriate UK regulator* to give the *UK firm* a *decision notice* within three *months* of the date on which it received the *UK firm's notice of intention* (two *months* in the case of a *UK firm* which is a *UCITS management company* <u>or an *AIFM*</u>). The *UK firm* may refer the matter to the *Tribunal*.

13.4 Providing cross-border services into another EEA State

- • •
- 13.4.2 G A UK firm, other than a UK pure reinsurer or an AIFM exercising an EEA right to market an AIF under AIFMD, cannot start providing cross-border services into another EEA State under an EEA right unless it satisfies the conditions in paragraphs 20(1) of Part III of Schedule 3 to the Act and, if it derives its EEA right from the Insurance Directives, AIFMD, MiFID or the UCITS Directive, paragraph 20(4B) of Part III of Schedule 3 to the Act. It is an offence for a UK firm which is not an authorised person to breach this prohibition (paragraph 21 of Part III of Schedule 3 to the Act). The conditions are that:
 - •••

. . .

(3) if the *UK firm* is passporting under the *Insurance Mediation Directive* and the *EEA State* in which the *UK firm* is seeking to provide services has notified the European Commission of its wish to be informed of the intention of *persons* to provide *cross border services* in its territory in accordance with article 6(2) of that directive, one *month* has elapsed beginning with the date on which the

UK firm received written notice from the *appropriate UK regulator* as described in *SUP* 13.4.5G (paragraph 20 (3B)(c) of Schedule 3 to the *Act*. <u>Act</u>; <u>or</u>

(4) <u>if the *UK firm* is passporting under *AIFMD*, the *firm* has received written notice from the *FCA* as described in *SUP* 13.4.4-AG(1)(c).</u>

•••

13.4.5 G When the *appropriate UK regulator* sends a copy of a *notice of intention* or if it gives a *consent notice* to the *Host State regulator*, it must inform the *UK firm* in writing that it has done so (paragraphs 20(3B)(b), (3D)(a)(iii) and (4) and 20C(9) of Schedule 3 to the *Act*).

...

13.5 Notices of intention

...

Specified contents: notice of intention to provide cross-border services

- 13.5.2 R A *UK firm* wishing to provide *cross-border services* into a particular *EEA State* for the first time under an *EEA right* other than under the *auction regulation* must submit a notice in the form set out in:
 - ...
 - (5) <u>SUP 13 Annex 8AR, if the UK firm is providing cross-border services</u> under AIFMD to manage an AIF in another EEA State.
 - (6) <u>SUP 13 Annex 8BR, if the UK firm is providing cross-border services</u> under AIFMD to market an AIF in another EEA State.

•••

13.6 Changes to branches

• • •

Changes arising from circumstances beyond the control of a UK firm

- 13.6.10 G ...
 - (3) Neither this <u>This</u> guidance nor that set out at <u>SUP 13.6.4G or 13.6.5G</u> is <u>not</u> applicable to *MiFID investment firms* <u>or AIFMs</u>.

The process

13.6.11 G When the *appropriate UK regulator* receives a notice from a *UK firm* other than a *MiFID investment firm* (see *SUP* 13.6.5G(1) and *SUP* 13.6.7G(1)), or a *pure reinsurer* (see *SUP* 13.6.9BR) or an *AIFM* (see *SUP* 13.6.9CG) it is required by regulations 11(4) and 13(4) to either refuse, or consent to the

change within a period of one *month* from the day on which it received the notice.

. . .

13.7 Changes to cross-border services

 13.7.1 G Where a UK firm is exercising an EEA right under the UCITS Directive, MiFID or, the Insurance Directives or AIFMD and is providing cross-border services into another EEA State, any changes to the details of the services are governed by the EEA Passport Rights Regulations...

• • •

13.8 Changes of details: provision of notices to the appropriate UK regulator

13.8.1 R (1) Where a *firm* is required to submit a notice of a change to a *branch* referred to in *SUP* 13.6.5G(1), *SUP* 13.6.5BG(1), *SUP* 13.6.7G(1), *SUP* 13.6.8G, *SUP* 13.6.9BR and *SUP* 13.6.10G(1), and *SUP* 13.6.9CG or a notice of a change to *cross-border services* referred to in *SUP* 13.7.3G(1), *SUP* 13.7.3AG(1), *SUP* 13.7.5G(1), and *SUP* 13.7.6G and *SUP* 13.7.13G it must complete and submit that notice in accordance with the procedures set out in *SUP* 13.5 for notifying the establishing of a *branch* or the provision of *cross-border services*.

• • •

13A Qualifying for authorisation under the Act

13A.1 Application

- 13A.1.3 G (1) Under the *Gibraltar Order* made under section 409 of the *Act*, a Gibraltar firm is treated as an *EEA firm* under Schedule 3 to the *Act* if it is:
 - ...

. . .

- (d) authorised in Gibraltar under the *MiFID*;
- (e) authorised in Gibraltar under the UCITS Directive.

13A.4 EEA firms establishing a branch in the United Kingdom

• • •

The notification procedure

- 13A.4.4 G ...
 - (2) Although the *appropriate UK regulator* is not required to notify the *applicable provisions* to an *EEA firm* passporting under the *Insurance*

Mediation Directive, or *MiFID* or *AIFMD*, these provisions are set out in *SUP* 13A Annex 1G (Application of the Handbook to Incoming EEA Firms).

• • •

13A.5 EEA firms providing cross-border services into the United Kingdom

...

The notification procedure

13A.5.4 G ...

(2) Although the appropriate UK regulator is not required to notify the applicable provisions to an EEA Firm passporting under the Insurance Mediation Directive, or MiFID or AIFMD these provisions are set out in SUP 13A Annex 1G (Application of the Handbook to Incoming EEA Firms).

. . .

13A Annex 1G Application of the Handbook to Incoming EEA Firms

(1) Module of Handbook	(2) Potential application to an incoming EEA firm with respect to activities carried on from an establishment of the firm (or its appointed representative) in the United Kingdom	(3) Potential application to an incoming EEA firm with respect to activities carried on other than from an establishment of the firm (or its appointed representative) in the United Kingdom
SYSC	 The common platform requirements in SYSC 4 - 10 apply as set out in Part 2 of SYSC 1 Annex 1 (Application of the common platform requirement). <u>SYSC 1 Annex 1 row 2.6F provides that</u> the common platform requirements do not apply to an incoming EEA AIFM branch, except the AIFMD Host State requirements and certain requirements regarding financial crime. 	

	SYSC 19A and 19B does do not apply.	
<i>SUP</i>	 SUP 16 (Reporting requirements) Parts of this chapter may apply if the <i>firm</i> has a <i>top-up permission</i> or if the <i>firm</i> is: (d) (da) a <i>depositary</i> of an ACS; or 	 SUP 16 (Reporting requirements) Parts of this chapter may apply if the <i>firm</i> has a <i>top-up permission</i> or if the <i>firm</i> is: (c) (ca) a <i>depositary</i> of an <u>ACS; or</u>
DISP	Applies Generally applies (DISP1.1.1G) and applies but in a limitedway in relation to MiFID business.For an incoming EEA AIFM branchDISP applies (subject to somelimitations, see DISP 1.1.3R), exceptfor an incoming EEA AIFM branch of aclosed-ended corporate AIF, in whichcase DISP does not apply.	Does Generally does not apply (DISP 1.1.1G).However, for an incoming EEA firm which is a UCITS management company managing a UCITS scheme or an AIFM managing an authorised AIF, DISP applies (subject to some limitations, see DISP 1.1.3R).
СОМР	Applies, except in relation to the passported activities of an <i>MIFID</i> <i>investment firm</i> , a <i>BCD credit</i> <i>institution</i> (other than an electronic money institution within the meaning of article 1(3)(a) of the <i>E-Money</i> <i>Directive</i> that has the right to benefit from the mutual recognition arrangements under the <i>Banking</i> <i>Consolidation Directive</i>), an <i>IMD</i> <i>insurance intermediary</i> or a <i>UCITS</i> <i>management company</i> acting in that capacity other than in relation to a <u><i>UCITS scheme</i></u> carrying on non-core	Does not apply in relation to the passported activities of an <i>MiFID investment</i> <i>firm</i> , or a <i>BCD credit</i> <i>institution</i> , an <i>IMD</i> <i>insurance intermediary</i> or a <i>UCITS management</i> <i>company</i> acting in that capacity other than in relation to a <i>UCITS</i> <i>shceme</i> (see the definition of "participation firm") carrying on non-core services under article 6.3

	services under article 6.3 of the UCITS Directive and an incoming AIFM branch carrying on either AIFM management functions for an unauthorised AIF or non-core services under article 6.4 of AIFMD (see the definition of "participant firm"). However, a MiFID investment firm, BCD credit institution, an IMD insurance intermediary or a UCITS management company (when carrying on permitted MiFID business) a firm specified above may be able to apply for top-up cover in relation to its passported activities (see COMP 14 (Participation by EEA firms)).	of the UCITS Directive or an incoming EEA AIFM regarding AIFM management functions carried on for an <u>unauthorised AIF or non-</u> core services under article <u>6.4</u> . Otherwise, COMP may apply, but the coverage of the compensation scheme is limited for non-UK activities (see COMP 5).
COLL	 <u>A.</u> The following provisions of An <i>EEA UCITS management company</i> providing <i>collective portfolio management</i> services for a <i>UCITS scheme</i> should be aware that it will be expected to comply with the above <i>rules</i> in relation to all aspects of the functioning of the relevant <i>UCITS scheme</i> where, for example, the <i>firm</i>: (b) wishes to apply for an <i>authorisation order</i> to establish an <i>AUT, ACS</i> or <i>ICVC</i> as a <i>UCITS scheme</i>; or <u>B. Subject to <i>FUND</i> 1.1.2R, <i>COLL</i> applies to an <i>incoming EEA AIFM</i> as relevant.</u> 	For an <i>EEA UCITS</i> management company providing collective portfolio management services for a UCITS scheme, As as column (2) <u>A.(d), (e), (f) and (g) and</u> the other parts of COLL specify. For an incoming EEA AIFM, as column (2) B.
<u>FUND</u>	<u>FUND 3.8 (Prime brokerage firms)</u> applies to an <i>incoming EEA AIFM</i> branch. <u>FUND 10 (Operating on a cross-border</u> basis), provides guidance for an <i>incoming EEA AIFM branch</i> .	Does not apply, except <u>FUND 10 (Operating on a</u> cross border basis) which provides guidance for an <u>EEA AIFM managing an</u> <u>AIF on a services basis or</u> <u>marketing an AIF using</u> the marketing passport <u>under AIFMD.</u>

13A Matters reserved to a Home State regulatorAnnex2G

Req	uirem	ents in the interest of the general good			
2.					
	(1)	the Single Market Directives expressly reserve responsibility for the prudential supervision of a MiFID investment firm, BCD credit institution, UCITS management company, <u>AIFM</u> or passporting insurance undertaking to the Firm's Home State regulator. The Insurance Mediation Directive reaches the same position without expressly referring to the concept of prudential supervision. Accordingly, the FCA, as Host State regulator, is entitled to regulate only the conduct of the firm's business within the United Kingdom;			
	(2)	there is no <u>explicit</u> "general good" provision in <i>MiFID</i> or <u>AIFMD</u> . Rather, <u><i>MiFID</i> states exactly what the Host State regulator regulates (see paragraphs 8 10) the responsibilities for a Host State regulator under MiFID are contained in paragraphs 8 to 10 and under <u>AIFMD</u> are contained in paragraphs 11G to 11J;</u>			
	I <u></u>				

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14.3 Changes to cross-border services

14.3.1 Where an *incoming EEA firm* passporting under the *MiFID*, *UCITS Directive* or, *Insurance Directives* or *AIFMD* is exercising an *EEA right* and is providing *crossborder services* into the *United Kingdom*, the *EEA Passport Rights Regulations* govern any changes to the details of those services. Where an *incoming EEA firm* has complied with the relevant requirements in the *EEA Passport Rights Regulations*, then the *firm's permission* given under Schedule 3 to the *Act* is to be treated as varied accordingly.

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15.3 General notification requirements

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Breaches of rules and other requirements in or under the Act

15.3.11 R (1) A *firm* must notify the *appropriate regulator* of:

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- it exceeding (or becoming aware that it will exceed) the limit in (f) BIPRU 10.5.6R; or
- a breach of the AIFMD UK regulation; or (g)
- a breach of any directly applicable EU regulation made under <u>(h)</u> AIFMD;

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Application 16.1

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Application of different sections of SUP 16 (excluding SUP 16.13, SUP 16.15, SUP 16.16 and SUP 16.17)

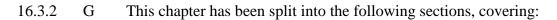
(1) Section(s)	(2) Categories of firm to which section applies	(3) Applicable rules and guidance
SUP 16.6		
	<i>Trustee</i> of an <i>AUT</i>	SUP 16.6.6R to SUP 16.6.9G
	Depositary of an ACS	SUP 16.6.6R to SUP 16.6.9G
SUP 16.14	A CASS large firm and a CASS medium firm	Entire section
<u>SUP 16.18</u>	<u>A full-scope UK AIFM</u> and a small authorised <u>UK AIFM</u>	<u>SUP 16.18.3R</u>
	pplication of SUP 16.18 for is set out in SUP 16.18.2G.	the types of AIFMs specified in

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16.3 General provisions on reporting

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Structure of the chapter



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- (11) client money and asset return (SUP 16.14); and
- ...
- (14) remuneration reporting (SUP 16.17); and
- (15) <u>AIFMD reporting (SUP 16.18)</u>.

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16.6 Compliance reports

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Applicable provisions of this section (see SUP 16.6.1G)

16.6.2	G	Category of firm	Applicable provisions
		<i>Trustee</i> of an <i>AUT</i> <i>Depositary</i> of an <i>ICVC</i> <u><i>Depositary</i> of an <i>ACS</i></u>	<i>SUP</i> 16.6.6R - <i>SUP</i> 16.6.9G

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16.12 Integrated Regulatory Reporting

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Table of applicable rules containing *data items*, frequency and submission periods

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	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
RAG	Regulated Activities	Pro	visions conta	ining:
number		applicable data items	reporting frequency/ period	due date
RAG 4	• managing investments	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.14R	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.14R	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.14R

	a satablishing	SUD	SUD	SUD
	 establishing, operating or winding up a regulated collective investment scheme establishing, operating or winding up an unregulated collective investment scheme establishing, operating or winding up a stakeholder pension scheme establishing, 	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.1R	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.16R	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.17R
	 establishing, operating or winding up a personal pension scheme <u>managing an AIF</u> <u>managing a UCITS</u> 			
	<u></u>			
 RAG 6	• acting as a trustee of an authorised unit trust	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.19R	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.20R	<i>SUP</i> 16.12.21 R
	• <u>acting as the</u> <u>depositary of an</u> <u>authorised</u> <u>contractual scheme</u>			
	 safeguarding and administration of assets (without arranging) 			
	• arranging safeguarding and administration of assets			
	 acting as depository or sole director of an OEIC 			
	• <u>acting as trustee or</u>			

	 <u>depositary of an</u> <u>AIF</u> <u>acting as trustee or</u> <u>depositary of a</u> <u>UCITS</u> 		

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Regulated Activity Group 3

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16.12.11 R The applicable *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out according to *firm* type in the table below:

Description of		Firms pruder	ntial ca	ategory an	d aj	pplicab	le <i>data iter</i>	ms (note 1))	
data item	BIPRU firms (note 17)				Firms other than BIPRU firms					
	730 K	125K and UCITS investment firms <u>collective</u> portfolio <u>managemen</u> <u>t investment</u> <u>firms</u>	50 K	IPRU (INV) Chapter 3	(INV) (IN Chapter Chap		<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 9	IPRU (INV) Chapter 13	UPRU	
Capital adequacy										
Supplementar y capital data for collective portfolio management investment firms		FIN067 (note 35)								
<u>Note 35</u>	<u>Only a</u> <u>firms.</u>	applicable to <i>fi</i>	rms th	at are <i>colle</i>	ecti	ve port	folio mana	gement inv	vestment	

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16.12.12 R The applicable reporting frequencies for *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below according to *firm* type. Reporting frequencies are calculated from a *firm's accounting reference date*, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	BIPRU 730K firm	BIPRU 125K firm and UCITS investment firm <u>collective</u> <u>portfolio</u> <u>management</u> investment firm	BIPRU 50K firm	UK consolidation group or defined liquidity group	<i>Firm</i> other than <i>BIPRU firms</i>
FSA058					
FIN067		Quarterly			

16.12.13 R The applicable due dates for submission referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below. The due dates are the last day of the periods given in the table below following the relevant reporting frequency period set out in *SUP* 16.12.12R, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Half yearly	Annual
FSA058						
<u>FIN067</u>				<u>20 business</u> <u>days</u>		

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Regulated Activity Group 4

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16.12.15 R The applicable *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R according to type of *firm* are set out in the table below:

Descriptio n of <i>data</i>	<i>Firms</i> ' prudential category and applicable <i>data items</i> (note							note 1)	
item	BIPRU firms			Firms other than BIPRU firms					
	730 K	125K and <i>UCITS</i> <i>investment</i> <i>firms</i> <u>collective</u> <u>portfolio</u> <u>manageme</u> <u>nt</u> <u>investment</u> <u>firms</u>	50 K	IPRU (INV) Chapter 3	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 5	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 9	<u>IPRU</u> (<u>INV)</u> <u>Chapter</u> <u>11</u>	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 13	UPRU
Annual report and accounts							<u>No</u> <u>standar</u> <u>d</u> <u>format</u>		
Solvency statement (note 11)							<u>No</u> <u>standar</u> <u>d</u> <u>format</u>		
Balance sheet							<u>FSA02</u> <u>9</u>		
Income statement							<u>FSA03</u> <u>0</u>		
Capital adequacy							<u>FIN066</u>		
Supplemen tary capital data for <u>collective</u> <u>portfolio</u> <u>manage-</u> <u>ment</u> <u>investment</u> <u>firms</u>		<u>FIN067</u> (note 32)							

Volumes and types of business (note 21)							<u>FSA03</u> <u>8</u>			
Client money and client assets							<u>FSA03</u> <u>9</u>			
Asset managers that use hedge fund techniques (note 21)	FS A0 41	FSA041	FS A0 41	FSA 041	FSA04 1	FSA 041		FSA 041	FSA 041	
UCITS (note 22)	FS A0 42	FSA042	FS A0 42	FSA 042	FSA04 2	FSA 042	<u>FSA</u> <u>042</u>	FSA 042	FSA 042	
Note 21	Only applicable to firms that have a managing investments permission [deleted]									
Note 22	Only applicable to <i>firms</i> that have <i>permission</i> for <i>establishing, operating or</i> winding up a regulated collective investment scheme managing a UCITS.									
<u>Note 32</u>	Only	applicable to	firms	that are co	ollective po	ortfolio ma	inagement	investmen	t firms.	

...

16.12.16 R The applicable reporting frequencies for *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.15R are set out in the table below according to *firm* type. Reporting frequencies are calculated from a *firm's accounting reference date*, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	Firms' prudential category										
	BIPRU 730K firm	BIPRU 125K firm and UCITS investment firm <u>collective</u> <u>portfolio</u> <u>managemen</u> t investment firm	BIPRU 50K firm	UK consolidatio n group or defined liquidity group	<i>Firm</i> other than <i>BIPRU firms</i>						

FSA041	Annually	Annually	Annually	Annually
FSA042	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly
FSA058				
<u>FIN066</u>				Quarterly
FIN067		Quarterly		

16.12.17 R The applicable due dates for submission referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below. The due dates are the last day of the periods given in the table below following the relevant reporting frequency period set out in *SUP* 16.12.16R, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Half yearly	Annual
FSA041						30 business days
FSA058						
FIN066				20 business days		
<u>FIN067</u>				20 business days		

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Regulated Activity Group 7

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16.12.22A R The applicable *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out according to type of *firm* in the table below:

Description of Data itemFirms' prudential category and applicable data item (note 1)

	BIPRU 730k firm	BIPRU 125k firm and UCITS investment firm <u>collective</u> portfolio <u>management</u> investment <u>firm</u>	BIPRU 50k firm	Exempt CAD firms subject to IPRU(INV) Chapter 13	<i>Firms</i> (other than <i>exempt</i> <i>CAD firms</i>) subject to <i>IPRU(INV)</i> Chapter 13	<i>Firms</i> that are also in one or more of <i>RAGs</i> 1 to 6 and not subject to <i>IPRU(INV)</i> Chapter 13
Securitisation: trading book						
Supplementary capital data for collective portfolio management investment firms		FIN067 (note 28)				
<u>Note 28</u>	Only app <u>firms.</u>	licable to <i>firms</i>	that are <i>col</i>	lective portfoli	o management i	nvestment

...

16.12.23 R The applicable reporting frequencies for *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.22AR are set out in the table below. Reporting frequencies are calculated from a *firm's accounting reference date*, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	Frequency							
	Unconsolidate d BIPRU investment firm	Solo consolidated BIPRU investment firm	UK Consolidation Group or defined liquidity group	Annual regulated business revenue up to and including £5 million	Annual regulated business revenue over £5 million			
FSA058								
<u>FIN067</u>	Quarterly							

16.12.24 R The applicable due dates for submission referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below. The due dates are the last day of the periods given in the table below following the relevant reporting frequency period set out in *SUP* 16.12.23R, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Half yearly
FSA058					
<u>FIN067</u>	<u>20 business</u> <u>days</u>				

SUP 16 Annex 24R Data items for SUP 16.12

Form FSA041 is deleted.

FIN066 and FIN067 are added - see following pages

SUP 16 Annex 25G Guidance notes for data items in SUP 16 Annex 24R

Guidance notes on Form FSA041 are deleted.

Guidance notes on Forms FIN066 and FIN067 are added - see following pages.

FIN066 – Capital Adequacy (for collective portfolio management firms

Introduction

FIN066 provides a framework for the collection of prudential information required by the FCA for its supervision activities. The data item is intended to reflect the underlying prudential requirements in IPRU(INV) 11 and allows monitoring against those requirements.

Defined terms

Terms in these notes are defined by the Companies Act 2006, as appropriate, or the provisions of the *firm*'s accounting framework (usually UK GAAP or *IFRS*). The descriptions in these notes are designed to repeat, summarise or amplify the relevant statutory or other definitions and terminology without departing from their full meaning or effect.

- The data item should comply with the principles and requirements of the *firm's* accounting framework, which will generally be UK GAAP (including relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2006) or *IFRS*.
- The data item should be completed on an unconsolidated basis.
- The data item should be in agreement with the underlying accounting records.
- Accounting policies should be consistent with those adopted in the *firm's annual report and accounts* and consistently applied.
- Information required should be prepared in line with accepted accounting standards.
- The data item should not give a misleading impression of the *firm*. For example, if a *firm* wrongly omits or includes a material item or presents a material item in the wrong way.

Currency

You should report in the currency of your annual audited accounts, ie in Sterling, Euro, US dollars, Canadian dollars, Swedish Kroner, Swiss Francs or Yen. Figures should be reported in 000s.

Data elements

These are referred to by row first, then by column, so data element 2B will be the element numbered 2 in column B.

Regulatory capital		
	1 to	The figures in this section should be consistent with
	19	those entered in FSA029 for the same reporting period.
Regulatory capital test		
Own funds test for collective	portfoli	io management firms
Own funds	20B	The amount of <i>own funds</i> calculated in under <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.4. This is the figure entered at 19B.
Funds under management requirement	21B	 Up to a maximum of €10,000,000, this is the base capital resources requirement plus 0.02% of the amount by which the firm's funds under management exceeds €250,000,000. If the data item is not submitted with figures in Euros, then the figure should be converted to the currency of the submission using the closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting period end date. The appropriate definition of funds under management to be used in this calculation is that set out in the FCA Handbook Glossary of definitions.
Fixed overheads requirement	22B	This is one quarter of the annualised fixed expenditure calculated under <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.3R. The amount to be entered is calculated using elements 30 to 42 in the fourth quarter of the preceding financial year. Each of the four quarters in any financial year should use the figure calculated in the fourth quarter of the preceding year.

		Where there was no preceding year, the figure entered is that determined under <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.6R.
Professional negligence	23B	The amount of additional <i>own funds</i> used to cover
capital requirement	230	potential liability risks arising from professional
capital requirement		negligence for <i>AIFM</i> activities in lieu of professional
		indemnity insurance, see <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.11R(1)(a).
		When calculating this amount, <i>firms</i> should include the
		amount of any assets under management that are
		delegated to the firm by mandate, see <i>IPRU(INV)</i>
		11.3.14 EU. Note that this treatment is different from
		that prescribed for the funds under management
		requirement (see the guidance in line 21B).
		If a firm makes an entry in 23B it should not make an
PII capital requirement	24B	entry in 24B. The amount of any additional <i>own funds</i> required to
r ii capitai requirement	24D	cover any defined excess and exclusions in the
		insurance policy, see <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.11R(1)(b).
		If a firm makes an entry in 24B it should not make an
		entry in 23B.
Total capital requirement	25B	This is the higher of 21B and 22B, plus either 23B or
		24B.
Surplus / deficit of own	26B	This is 20B less 25B.
funds		
Liquid assets test		
Liquid assets requirement	27B	For a <i>collective portfolio management firm</i> , this is the
		amount required by <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.2.1R(3).
Liquid assets held	28B	The amount of liquid assets held by the <i>firm</i> at the
Liquid assets held	200	reporting date. Assets are regarded as liquid if they are
		readily convertible to cash within one month. This
		figure must not include speculative positions.
Surplus / deficit of liquid	29B	This is 28B less 27B.
assets		
Calculation of relevant ann	ual exp	enditure for forthcoming year
	30 to	This section of the data item must be completed when
	42	the reporting period end date is equal to the <i>firm</i> 's
		accounting reference date, ie the fourth quarter. This
		does not need to be completed during the other three
		quarters. Where appropriate, figures entered should
		match those on FSA030 for the same reporting period.
		When the <i>firm</i> is using projected figures (<i>IPRU(INV</i>)
		11.3.6R(2)), these should be entered in this section.
Total expenditure (per	30B	This should be the amount entered in element 22A of
income statement)		FSA030 for the same reporting period. FSA030 must
		be completed on a cumulative basis, so the amounts

		entered in the fourth quarter represent the entire
		financial year up to the accounting reference date.
Deductions from	31A	Deductions from expenditure should be made in line
expenditure	to	with <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.4R
expenditure	40A	with $H KO(HVV)$ 11.3.4K
Palayant fixed expanditure	40A 41B	This is 30B less the sum of 31A to 40A
Relevant fixed expenditure Relevant annualised fixed	41B 42B	If the figures submitted in FSA030 for the period
expenditure	42D	ending on the <i>firm</i> 's accounting reference date do not
expenditure		include twelve month's trading, then the amount
		calculated in 41B must be prorated to an equivalent
		annual amount. This situation may occur if the <i>firm</i>
		has changed its accounting reference date.
		has changed its accounting reference date.
		Where a <i>firm</i> has not completed a full year since the
		commencement of its permitted business, an amount
		based on forecast expenditure included in its budget
		for the first twelve months' trading, as submitted with
		its application for membership, should be entered.
Professional Indemnity Ins	urance	
Specify whether your firm	43B	The <i>firm</i> should report either "Own funds" or "PII".
holds additional own funds		Where a <i>firm</i> has PII but also holds <i>own funds</i> to cover
or PII under IPRU(INV)		any excesses and/or exclusions on the policy, the <i>firm</i>
7.3.12R		should report "PII".
PII Basic information		
	44	Firms should enter details on all relevant PII policies,
		using a separate line for each policy.
		A <i>firm</i> may satisfy its requirements for professional
		indemnity insurance with a policy that provides cover
		to one or more entities other than the <i>firm</i> , provided
		the policy satisfies the conditions of the AIFMD level 2
		<i>regulation</i> in respect of the <i>firm</i> , exclusive of the cover
		provided to other entities by the policy. If such a
		policy is held, each <i>firm</i> covered by the policy should
		include the policy information on their return.
Annualised premium	44A	This should state the premium payable (in
		descending order of size, where relevant), net of tax
		and any other add-ons. If the premium covers a period
		other than 12 months, it should be annualised before
		ranking.
Insurer (from list)	44B	Select the PII insurer from the list provided. If you
		have more than one policy with the same insurer, they
		should be combined. If the insurer is not listed, select
		'Other'. If a policy is underwritten by more than one
		insurance undertaking or Lloyd's syndicate, you should
		select 'multiple'.
Start date	44C	Enter the start date of the policy.
Renewal date	44D	Enter the renewal date of the policy.
Currency of indemnity	44E	Using the appropriate International Organization for
limits		Standardization ISO 4217 three digit code (eg, GBP),

		enter the currency in which the indemnity limits in fields 44F to 44J are reported.
Limit of indemnity required: single	44F	You should record the required indemnity limits on the <i>firm</i> 's PII policy or policies, in relation to single claims. A <i>firm</i> should calculate this amount in line with <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.15 EU and include the amount of any assets under management that are delegated to the firm by mandate.
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than the currency of the report, the figure should be converted to the currency of the submission using the closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting period end date.
Limit of indemnity required: aggregate	44G	You should record the required indemnity limits on the <i>firm</i> 's PII policy or policies, in aggregate. A <i>firm</i> should calculate this amount in line with <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.15 EU and include the amount of any assets under management that are delegated to the firm by mandate.
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than the currency of the report, the figure should be converted to the currency of the submission using the closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting period end date.
Limit of indemnity received: single	44H	You should record the indemnity limits on the <i>firm</i> 's PII policy or policies, received in relation to single claims.
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than the currency of the report, the figure should be converted to the currency of the submission using the closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting period end date.
Limit of indemnity received: aggregate	44J	You should record the indemnity limits on the <i>firm's</i> PII policy or policies, received in aggregate.
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than the currency of the report, the figure should be converted to the currency of the submission using the closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting period end date.
PII detailed information		
Business line (from list)	44K	For policies that cover all business lines, <i>firms</i> should select 'All' from the list provided.
		Where the policy contains different excesses for different business lines, <i>firms</i> should identify these business lines from the list (or the closest equivalent) and report the (highest) excess for that business line in

		data element 44L. Once these 'non-standard' excesses have been identified, the remaining business lines should be reported under 'All other'.
Policy excess	44L	For policies that cover all business lines with no difference in excesses, this should be the excess applicable. Otherwise, it should contain the highest excess for each business line that differs.
		Under <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.11R(1)(b) a firm should include additional own funds sufficient to cover the highest excess in the amount reported in 24B.
Policy exclusions	44M	If there are exclusions in the <i>firm</i> 's PII policy, the business type(s) to which they relate should be selected here from the list provided.
		Under <i>IPRU(INV)</i> 11.3.11R(1)(b) a firm should include additional own funds sufficient to cover any liabilities arising in the amount reported in 24B.

FIN066 – Capital Adequacy (for *collective portfolio management firms*) validations

Internal validations

Data elements are referenced by row, then column.

Validation number	Data element		
1	6B	=	Σ(1B:5B)
2	12B	=	Σ(7Α:11Α)
3	13B	=	6B – 12B
4	19B	=	Σ(13B:18B)
5	20B	=	19B
6	25B	=	(higher of 21B and 22B) + 23B + 24B
7	26B	=	20B - 25B
10	41B	=	30B - Σ(31A:40A)

External validations

Validation number	Data element	2					
1	30B =	FSA030.22A					

FIN067 – Capital adequacy – supplemental (for *collective portfolio management investment firms*)

Introduction

FIN067 provides a framework for the collection of prudential information required by the *FCA* for its supervision activities. The data item is intended to reflect the underlying prudential requirements in *GENPRU* 2.1.63R to 2.1.74R and allows monitoring against those requirements.

Defined terms

Terms in these notes are defined by the Companies Acts 2006, as appropriate, or the provisions of the *firm*'s accounting framework (usually UK GAAP or *IFRS*). The descriptions indicated in these notes are designed simply to repeat, summarise or amplify the relevant statutory or other definitions and terminology without departing from their full meaning or effect.

- The data item should comply with the principles and requirements of the firm's accounting framework, which will generally be UK GAAP (including relevant provisions of the Companies Acts 2006 as appropriate) or *IFRS*.
- The data item should be completed on an unconsolidated basis.
- The data item should be in agreement with the underlying accounting records.
- Accounting policies should be consistent with those adopted in *annual report and accounts* and should be consistently applied.
- Information required should be prepared in line with accepted accounting standards.
- The data item should not give a misleading impression of the *firm*. For example, if a *firm* wrongly omits or includes a material item or presents a material item in the wrong way.

Currency

You should report in the currency of your annual audited accounts, ie in Sterling, Euro, US dollars, Canadian dollars, Swedish Kroner, Swiss Francs or Yen. Figures should be reported in 000s.

Data Elements

These are referred to by row first, then by column, so data element 2B will be the element numbered 2 in column B.

Own funds	1A	This amount should be equal to the figure entered in element 57A of FSA003 for the same reporting period.
Funds under management requirement	2A	This is the base capital resources requirement plus the amount which is 0.02% of funds under management that exceeds $\in 250,000,000$, up to a maximum of $\in 10,000,000$.
		If the data item is not submitted with figures in Euros, then the figure should be converted to the currency of the submission using the closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting period end date.
		The appropriate definition of <i>funds under management</i> to be used in this calculation is that set out in the <i>FCA</i> Handbook Glossary of definitions.
Fixed overheads	3A	This is the amount calculated under GENPRU 2.1.53R.

requirement		The amount should equal element 104A on FSA003		
		for the same reporting period.		
Professional negligence	4A	The amount of additional own funds used to cover		
capital requirement		potential liability risks arising from professional		
		negligence for AIFM activities in lieu of professional		
		indemnity insurance, see <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.67R(1)(a).		
		When calculating this amount, <i>firms</i> should include the		
		amount of any assets under management that are		
		delegated to the firm by mandate, see GENPRU 2.1.70		
		EU. Note that this treatment is different from that		
		prescribed for the funds under management		
		requirement (see the guidance in line 2A)		
		If a <i>firm</i> makes an entry in 4A it should not make an		
DU conital a minut	5 1	entry in 5A.		
PII capital requirement	5A	The amount of any additional <i>own funds</i> required to		
		cover any defined excess and exclusions in the		
		insurance policy under <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.67R(1)(b).		
		If a <i>firm</i> makes an entry in 5A it should not make an		
		entry in 4A.		
Variable capital	6A	The amount calculated under GENPRU 2.1.45R. The		
requirement		amount should equal element 70A on FSA003 for the		
		same reporting period.		
Total requirement	7A	This is the higher of 2A and 3A plus 4A or 5A, and		
		6A.		
Surplus / deficit of own	8A	This is 1A less 7A.		
funds				
Liquid assets test				
Liquid assets requirement	9A	The amount of <i>own funds</i> required by <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.64R.		
Liquid assets held	10A	The amount of liquid assets held by the <i>firm</i> at the		
		reporting date. Assets are regarded as liquid if they are		
		readily convertible to cash within one month. This		
		figure must not include speculative positions.		
Surplus / deficit of liquid assets	11A	This is 10A less 9A.		
Professional Indemnity Ins	urance	1		
Does your firm hold	12A	The <i>firm</i> should report either "Own funds" or "PII".		
additional own funds or PII		Where a <i>firm</i> has PII but also holds <i>own funds</i> to cover		
under GENPRU 2.1.67R		any excesses and/or exclusions on the policy, the <i>firm</i>		
		should report "PII".		
PII Basic information				
	13	<i>Firms</i> should enter details on all relevant PII policies, using a separate line for each policy.		
		A <i>firm</i> may satisfy its requirements for professional		
		indemnity insurance with a policy that provides cover		
		to one or more entities other than the <i>firm</i> , provided		
	I	to one of more entities other than the junit, provided		

		the policy satisfies the conditions of the <i>AIFMD level 2</i>
		<i>regulation</i> in respect of the <i>firm</i> , exclusive of the cover
		provided to other entities by the policy. If such a
		policy is held, each <i>firm</i> covered by the policy should
	12.4	include the policy information on their return.
Annualised premium	13A	This should state the premium payable (in descending
		order of size, where relevant), net of tax and any other
		add-ons. If the premium covers a period other than 12
		months, it should be annualised before ranking.
Insurer (from list)	13B	Select the PII insurer from the list provided. If you
		have more than one policy with the same insurer, they
		should be combined. If the insurer is not listed, select
		'Other'. If a policy is underwritten by more than one
		insurance undertaking or Lloyd's syndicate, you should
		select 'multiple'.
Start date	13C	Enter the start date of the policy.
Renewal date	13D	Enter the renewal date of the policy.
Currency of indemnity	13E	Using the appropriate International Organization for
limits		Standardization ISO 4217 three digit code (eg, GBP),
		enter the currency in which the indemnity limits, in
		fields 13F to 13J are reported.
Limit of indemnity	13F	You should record the required indemnity limits on the
required: single		<i>firm</i> 's PII policy or policies for single claims. A <i>firm</i>
required. single		should calculate this amount in line with <i>GENPRU</i>
		2.1.71EU and include the amount of any assets under
		management that are delegated to the firm by mandate.
		management that are delegated to the min by mandate.
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than
		the currency of the report, the figure should be
		converted to the currency of the submission using the
		closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting
		period end date.
Limit of indemnity	13G	You should record the required indemnity limits on the
required: aggregate	150	<i>firm</i> 's PII policy or policies, in aggregate. A <i>firm</i>
required. aggregate		should calculate this amount in line with <i>GENPRU</i>
		2.1.71EU and include the amount of any assets under
		•
		management that are delegated to the firm by mandate.
		Where these are denominated in a summer sy other than
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than the currency of the report, the figure should be
		the currency of the report, the figure should be
		converted to the currency of the submission using the
		closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting
Limit of index it	1211	period end date.
Limit of indemnity	13H	You should record the indemnity limits on the <i>firm</i> 's
received: single		PII policy or policies received for single claims.
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than
		the currency of the report, the figure should be
		converted to the currency of the submission using the
		closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting

		period end date.
Limit of indemnity	13J	You should record the indemnity limits on the <i>firm</i> 's
received: aggregate		PII policy or policies, received in aggregate.
		Where these are denominated in a currency other than
		the currency of the report, the figure should be
		converted to the currency of the submission using the
		closing mid-market rate of exchange on the reporting period end date.
PII detailed information		
Business line (from list)	13K	For policies that cover all business lines, <i>firms</i> should select 'All' from the list provided. Where the policy contains different excess for different business lines, <i>firms</i> should identify these business lines from the list (or the closest equivalent) and report the (highest) excess for that business line in data element 13L. Once these 'non-standard' excesses have been identified, the remaining business lines should be reported under 'All other'.
Policy excess	13L	For policies that cover all business lines with no difference in excesses, this should be the excess applicable. Otherwise, it should contain the highest excess for each business line that differs. Under <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.67R(1)(b), a firm should include additional own funds sufficient to cover the highest excess in the amount reported in 5A.
Policy exclusions	13M	If there are exclusions in the <i>firm</i> 's PII policy, the business type(s) to which they relate should be selected from the list provided.
		Under <i>GENPRU</i> 2.1.67R(1)(b), a firm should include additional own funds sufficient to cover any liabilities arising in the amount reported in 5A.

FIN067 – Capital adequacy – supplemental (for *collective portfolio management investment firms*) validations

Internal validations

Data elements are referenced by row, then column.

Validation number	Data eleme	nt	
1 2 3	7A 8A 11A	=	Higher of ((Higher of 2A and 3A) + $4A + 5A$) and $6A = 1A - 7A = 10A - 9A$

External validations

Validation number	Data elemer	nt	
1	1A	=	FSA003.57A
2	3A	=	FSA003.104A
3	6A	=	FSA003.70A

•••

- Part II: Comes into force on 22 July 2014
- **16 Reporting requirements**

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16.12 Integrated Regulatory Reporting

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Regulated Activity Group 3

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16.12.11 R The applicable *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out according to *firm* type in the table below:

Descriptio		Firms prude	ential c	ategory an	d applicab	le <i>data ite</i>	ms (note 1))
n of <i>data</i> item	BIP	RU firms (note	17)		Firms oth	ner than <i>Bl</i>	PRU firms	5
	730 K	125K and collective portfolio management investment firms	50K	IPRU (INV) Chapter 3	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 5	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 9	IPRU (INV) Chapter 13	UPRU
Annual report and accounts								No standard format
Solvency statement								No standard format (note 11)

Balance sheet	 	 	 	 FSA029
Income statement	 	 	 	 FSA030
Capital adequacy	 	 	 	 FSA036
Client money and client assets	 	 	 	 FSA039
CFTC	 	 	 	 FSA040 (note 24)

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16.12.12 R The applicable reporting frequencies for *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below according to *firm* type. Reporting frequencies are calculated from a *firm's accounting reference date*, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	BIPRU 730K firm	BIPRU 125K firm and collective portfolio management investment firm	BIPRU 50K firm	UK consolidation group or defined liquidity group	Firm other than BIPRU firms
FSA036					Quarterly

16.12.13 R The applicable due dates for submission referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below. The due dates are the last day of the periods given in the table below following the relevant reporting frequency period set out in *SUP* 16.12.12R, unless indicated otherwise.

Data	item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Half yearly	Annual
------	------	-------	--------	---------	-----------	-------------	--------

FSA036		20 business days	

Regulated Activity Group 4

• • •

16.12.15 R The applicable *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R according to type of *firm* are set out in the table below:

Description of <i>data item</i>		Firm	ns'pr	rudential ca	ategory and	l applicable	e data items	(note 1)	
of adia tiem		BIPRU firms			I	<i>Firms</i> other	than BIPRU	J firms	
	730 K	125K and collective portfolio management investment firms	50 K	IPRU (INV) Chapter 3	IPRU (INV) Chapter 5	IPRU (INV) Chapter 9	IPRU (INV) Chapter 11	IPRU (INV) Chapter 13	UPRU
Solvency statement (note 11)									No standard format
Balance sheet									FSA029
Income statement									FSA030
Capital adequacy									FSA036
Volumes and types of business (note 21)									FSA038
Client money and client assets									FSA039
UCITS (note 22)									FSA042

16.12.16 R The applicable reporting frequencies for *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.15R are set out in the table below according to *firm* type. Reporting frequencies are calculated from a *firm's accounting reference date*, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	Firms' prudential category								
	BIPRUBIPRU 125K730K firmfirm and collective portfolio management investment firm		BIPRU 50K firm	UK consolidation group or defined liquidity group	Firm other than BIPRU firms				
FSA036					Quarterly				

16.12.17 R The applicable due dates for submission referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below. The due dates are the last day of the periods given in the table below following the relevant reporting frequency period set out in *SUP* 16.12.16R, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Half yearly	Annual
FSA036				20 business days		

. . .

Regulated Activity Group 8

•••

16.12.25RThe applicable *data items* referred to in SUP 16.12.4R are set out according
to type of *firm* in the table below:

	BIPRU			Firms other than BIPRU firms				
	730K	125K	50K	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 3	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 5	IPRU (INV) Chapter 9	<i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) Chapter 13	<u>UPRU</u>
Solvency statement (note 11)								No standard format
Income statement								FSA030
Capital adequacy								FSA036
Client money and client assets								FSA039

...

16.12.26 R The applicable reporting frequencies for *data items* referred to in *SUP* 16.12.25AR are set out according to the type of *firm* in the table below. Reporting frequencies are calculated from a *firm's accounting reference date*, unless indicated otherwise.

Data item	BIPRU 730K firm	BIPRU 125K firm	BIPRU 50K firm	UK consolidation group or defined liquidity group	Firms other than BIPRU firms
FSA036					Quarterly

16.12.27 R The applicable due dates for submission referred to in *SUP* 16.12.4R are set out in the table below. The due dates are the last day of the periods

given in the table below following the relevant reporting frequency period set out in *SUP* 16.12.26R, unless indicated otherwise .

Data item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Half yearly	Annual
FSA036				20 business days		

SUP 16 Annex 24RData items for SUP 16.12

Form FSA036 is deleted.

SUP 16 Annex 25GGuidance notes for data items in SUP 16 Annex 24R

Guidance notes on Form FSA036 are deleted

Annex K

Amendments to the Compensation sourcebook (COMP)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking thorough indicates deleted text.

1.4 EEA firms

1.4.1 G Incoming EEA firms which are conducting regulated activities in the United Kingdom under a BCD, IMD, or MiFID or UCITS Directive passport are not required to participate in the compensation scheme in relation to those passported activities. They may apply to obtain the cover of, or 'top-up' into, the compensation scheme if these is no cover provided by the incoming EEA firm's Home State compensation scheme or if the level or scope of the cover is less than provided by the compensation scheme. This is covered by COMP 14.

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4.2 Who is eligible to benefit from the protection provided by the FSCS?

- ...
- 4.2.2 R Table COMP 4.2.2R Persons not eligible to claim unless COMP 4.3 applies (see COMP 4.2.1R)

This table belongs to COMP 4.2.1R

<u>(18)</u>	<u>Alternative investment funds</u> , and anyone who is the AIFM or <u>depositary of an alternative investment fund</u> .

...

6.2 Who is a relevant person?

- . . .
- 6.2.2 G ...
 - (4) An *incoming EEA AIFM* managing an *authorised AIF* from a *branch* in the *UK* or under the freedom to provide *cross-border services*, is a *relevant person* for that activity.
 - (5) <u>An incoming EEA AIFM managing an unauthorised AIF is not a</u> <u>relevant person for that activity unless it has top-up cover.</u>
 - (6) An *incoming EEA AIFM* providing the services in article 6(4) of *AIFMD* is not a *relevant person* for those activities, unless it has *top-up cover*.

14.1 Application and Purpose

Application

- •••
- 14.1.2 R This chapter also applies to an *incoming EEA firm* which is a *credit institution*, or an *MIFID investment firm* (or both), an *IMD insurance intermediary*, or a *UCITS management company* or an *AIFM*.

Purpose

14.1.3 G This chapter provides supplementary *rules* and *guidance* for an *incoming EEA firm* which is a *credit institution*, an *IMD insurance intermediary*, an *MiFID investment firm*. OF UCITS management company or AIFM. It reflects in part the implementation of the Deposit Guarantee Directive, *Investors Compensation Directive*, and UCITS Directive. This sourcebook applies in the usual way to an *incoming EEA firm* which is exercising *EEA rights* under the *Insurance Directives*. Such a *firm* is not affected by the Deposit Guarantee Directive.

• • •

. . .

14.1.5 G In relation to an *incoming EEA firm's passporting activities*, its *Home State* compensation scheme must provide compensation cover in respect of business within the scope of the *Deposit Guarantee Directive, Investors Compensation Directive, and* article 6(3) of the *UCITS Directive and article 6(4) of AIFMD*, whether that business is carried on from a *UK branch* or on a *cross-border services* basis. (For an *EEA UCITS management company* this is only for certain *passported activities*, namely *managing investments* (other than *collective portfolio management, advising on investments* or *safeguarding and administering investments*. *Insurance mediation activity* relating to *non investment insurance contracts* is not within the scope of the *Deposit Guarantee Directive* and the *Investor Compensation Directive*.

...

14.2 Obtaining top-up cover

. . .

- 14.2.3
 - G A notice under *COMP* 14.2.1R should include details confirming that the *incoming EEA firm* falls within a prescribed category. In summary:
 - (1) the *firm* must be:

. . .

- (d) a UCITS management company that carries on the activities of managing investments (other than collective portfolio management), advising on investments or safeguarding and administering investments; and or
- (e) an AIFM that carries on AIFM management functions for an unauthorised AIF; or
- (f) an *AIFM* that provides the services in article 6(4) of <u>*AIFMD*</u>;

. . .

. . .

Annex L

Amendments to the Building Societies Regulatory Guide (BSOG)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

2.8	Timetable		
2.8.4	G	Notes:	
		(1)	
		(4) Where the Prudential Regulator is the PRA it is under a statutory obligation to consult the FCA (see section 95(6A) of the 1986 Act) in respect of approval of the Transfer Statement and Confirmation. This consultation will take place within the above timetable.	
•••			